TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
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Professional and Business Cards not exceeding six lines, One year.....$5 00
Administrators' and Executors' Notices.....$2 50
Auditors' Notices.....2 00
Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low.

The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1868. NO. 25.

Professional & Business Cards.

DR. R. R. WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch13-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH, Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Read's Drug Store. Aug. 23, '65.

R. ALLISON MILLER, *DENTIST*,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House. April 13, 1859.

E. J. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon. July 31, 1867.

WASHINGTON HOTEL, HUNTINGDON, PA.
The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67-tf.

MILTON S. LYTLE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. se12'66

R. McMURTRIE, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

AGENCY FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS' CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.
All who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*,
aug12,1863 HUNTINGDON, PA.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, *ATTORNEY AT LAW*,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Military and other claims of soldiers and their heirs against the State or Government collected without delay.
OFFICE—In the Brick Row, opposite the Court House Jan.1.1867

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 11, 1865—tf.

Huntingdon Business Directory.

[The following Cards are published gratuitously. Merchants and business men generally who advertise liberally in the columns of THE GLOBE *for six months or longer, will have their Cards inserted here during the continuance of their advertisement. Otherwise, special Business Cards inserted at the usual rates.]*

DR. WM. BREWSTER, McConnellstown. [Cures by Electropathy.]

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, in Leister's new building, (second floor.)

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments, corner of the Diamond.

W. B. ZEIGLER, Dealer in Ladies and Children's Furnishing Goods, opposite the First National Bank.

W. P. RUDOLPH, Dealer in Ladies and Gents' Furnishing Goods, opposite Leister's new building

GEO. F. MARSH, Merchant Tailor, opposite, Lowis' Book Store.

H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor, in the Diamond.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, West Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Marble Manufacturers, Mifflin street, near the Lutheran church.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JAMES HIGGENS, Manufacturer of Furniture and Cabinet Ware, Huntingdon, Pa.

J. M. WISE, Manufacturer of Furniture, &c., Huntingdon. Undertaking attended to

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c., Railroad street, Huntingdon.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

C. H. MILLER & SON, Dealers in all kinds of Fine Leather, Findings, &c., &c., near the Presbyterian church.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

A. L. LEWIS, Wholesale and retail Merchant, Leister's New Building, Huntingdon.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON, Merchants, Main st., east of Washington Hotel, Huntingdon

GLAZIER & BRO, Retail Merchants, Washington st., near the jail, Huntingdon.

Z. YENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

FIXED FACTS INDELIBLY IMPRESSED will always triumph over simple assertions.

Thus it is that this community gives testimony in favor of the well known establishment of

H. GREENBERG,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON.

Whilst it is not his purpose to deceive the public by clamoring "low prices and better goods" than other dealers, he simply invites all who wish to purchase in his line of business to call and satisfy themselves that with him a patron once gained is never lost, that is, "the proof of the pudding is in the tasting of it."

He has just received his winter supply of

READY MADE CLOTHING,
FOR MEN AND BOYS.

He has also a large assortment of the most substantial and fashionable

Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods,

of every description, and made up from the best material.

Always on hand the finest quality of American, English and French CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, which are made up to order by good, experienced workmen, in a manner the most fashionable and endurable.

No eastern city can afford a better or more varied style of goods than can be found in my selection.

H. GREENBERG,
Huntingdon, Nov. 13, 1867. Merchant Tailor.

GREAT OPENING
OF
FALL AND WINTER GOODS,
AT THE
NEW STORE
OF
JOSEPH MARCH & BRO.,
COFFEE RUN, PENN'A.

The subscribers have received a new and complete assorted stock of

DRY GOODS,

Including a large and varied assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, of the latest styles and fashions. Also

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
FISH, SALT, BACON,

and all other articles usually kept in a well conducted store, all of which are offered as cheap as at any other establishment in this section of country.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods

Thankful for former patronage, we hereby extend an invitation to our Trough Creek friends and the public generally for a renewal of the same, promising by a close attention to business and the wants of customers, to fully merit it.

JOS. MARCH & BRO.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accommodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Grove. Call and examine. Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, Oct. 9, 1867

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel acts, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your fathers, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit the same store. They can here be suited in good articles of Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on South-east corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.
may 31, 1865. FRANCIS D. WALLACE.

THE GLOBE
JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing in the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as

HAND BILLS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
POSTERS,
BALL TICKETS,
CARDS,
PROGRAMMES,
BLANKS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond. *Country trade supplied.* apl7'67

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
AMERICAN WATCHES, Fine Gold JEWELRY, &c., &c., opposite J. A. Brown's Mammoth Hardware store. ☞Watches neatly repaired and warranted.
Huntingdon, Sept 18, 1867 6m

FLOUR! FLOUR!

The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

COURT AFFAIRS.

TRIAL LIST,
JANUARY TERM, 1868.
FIRST WEEK.

Wm. W. Paul & Co.	vs	B. F. Baker, et al.
D. T. Owens	vs	Riegel & Fister.
Mrs. R. Corbitt	vs	Henry Strouse & Co.
W. W. & D C Entriken, f u	vs	Michael Stone.
Same	vs	Same.
Dr. P. Shoenborger's exrs.	vs	Wilson & Lorenz.
Wood & Bacon	vs	A. P. Wilson.
Jacob Russell	vs	John B. Weaver.
John McCahan's exrs.	vs	A. P. Wilson.
George C. Hamilton	vs	David Fouse.
Elizabeth Gratz, et al	vs	Alva Chilcott, et al.
Enos Rogers	vs	The township of Cromwell and bor. of Orbisonia.
Samuel Campbell	vs	Same.
SECOND WEEK.		
David Blair	vs	W. E. McMurtrie, com. of H. Miller
George Noss	vs	Wm. Schollenberger.
Jacob C. Coughman	vs	The township of Cromwell and boro. of Orbisonia.
P. M. Lytle	vs	John W. Mattern.
Wm. A. Orbison	vs	Thomas Turley and wife.
Martin Bell	vs	John McElwee.
G W B. Sipe	vs	A. L. Guss.
Mary Buoy	vs	J. K. McCahan.
Thomas Turley & wife	vs	McGrath & Piper.
Wilson & Petriken	vs	Simon Cohn, et al.
G. W. Isett	vs	David Grove.
Jacob Dorman	vs	James Entriken, et al.
John Bell, et al	vs	John Morgan, et al.
Christian Weaver	vs	H & B T M R R & Coal Co.
Martin Gate's admin'r	vs	James Morrow.
Wm. McFarland's guard'n	vs	Mifflin & Centre co. R R Co
Westly M. Akers	vs	The Island Top Oil Co.
John B Shenefelt	vs	Wm. Wilson.
Wm. M. Weigley	vs	John W. Mattern.
Benj. F. Clark	vs	Thomas Hall.
Wm. H. Briggs for use	vs	Samuel Okeson, et al.
Same	vs	Same.

J. R. SIMPSON, Prothonotary.
Prothonotary's Office, Dec. 18, 1867.

GRAND JURORS.

Baker John, carpenter, Clay
Chamberlain Jas. inn keeper, War'mk
Colegate Oliver, farmer, Cromwell
Coulter James, farmer, Tell
Donaldson Isaac, farmer, Lincoln
Evans Samuel D., farmer, Tell
Eyeart Davis G., teacher, Penn
Horner Isaac, farmer, Barree
Isenberg Nich. carpenter, Alexandria
Lewis Wm., editor, Huntingdon
Locke Philip, farmer, Springfield
Locke Simon, blacksmith, Dublin
McCoy Joseph, farmer, Walker
Morrow John, farmer, Dublin
Miller D. P., M. D., Huntingdon
Miller Geo. W, farmer, Union
Miller Jacob C, farmer, Barree
Peterson James, farmer, Dublin
Park Joseph, farmer, Cass
Shoope Jeremiah, farmer, Shirley
Speck David, farmer, Juniata
Sollers Jacob, carpenter, Springfield
Wray William, farmer, Franklin
Wilson Henry, surveyor, Oneida

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Beaver Samuel, farmer, Penn
Baird Harry, blacksmith, Shirley Bor.
Boyer John G, merchant, Penn
Boober John, farmer, Cromwell
Claubaugh John, laborer, Walker
Cresswell Jacob, surveyor, Cassville
Conrad Daniel, farmer, Franklin
Covert J. B, stonemason, Springfield
Dell Levi, farmer, Union
Dean Abraham, carpenter, Juniata
Frazier John B., farmer, West
Foster John B, farmer, Shirley
Gayton John, farmer, Union
Griffith John, farmer, Tod
Gates Thomas, laborer, Franklin
Graffius Robert, farmer, Porter
Haslett R. F., inn keeper, Morris
Houck Adams, farmer, Tod
Hamilton John C. farmer, West
Henderson David, farmer, Morris
Hagans John, shoemaker, Barree
Heifner Benjamin farmer, Walker
Kelley Thomas, farmer, Cromwell
Love William, farmer, Tell
Lang Washington, butcher, Walker
Lloyd William, gunsmith, Franklin
McNeal Robt. G. farmer, Clay
Myton Wm. B, farmer, Jackson
Mateer Henry H. plasterer, Brady
Myton Alfred, farmer, West
McNeal Alexandria, farmer, Clay
Mierley John, farmer, Union
Miller Martin V., farmer, Union
McFadden Wm. coachman, Jackson
Neff Benjamin K. farmer, West
Porter George B. farmer, West
Painter David, manager, Brady
Spangler John, farmer, Cass
Sinck Job, mechanic, Barree
Shinefelt Abraham, farmer, Juniata
Seeds Hugh, gentleman, Franklin
Simpson Murry, farmer, Huntingdon
Stevens Frank, merchant, Mt Union
Weaver Alfred, carpenter, Brady
Wakefield Augustus, farmer, Shirley
Weaver Jacob, farmer, Hopewell
Weight David, farmer Juniata
Zentmyer M. merchant, Warriorsmark

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Appleby William, farmer, Dublin
Aeyers Hiram, forgeman, Alexandria
Brown William, farmer, Cass
Briggs A. G. farmer, Tell
Bales Simon, farmer, Henderson
Buckwalter Jonas, farmer, Walker
Berkstresser George, Hopewell
Baker John, farmer, Tod
Chilcote Solomon, farmer, Tod
Crownover Bennt, laborer, Jackson
Corbin John, carpenter, Juniata
Emerick James, laborer, Franklin
Grubb Joseph, farmer, Penn
Gibboney Joseph, gentleman, Barree
Goodman Jacob, farmer, Brady
Johnson Samuel, cooper, Penn
Johnson Geo. W. merchant, West
Keenan Thomas, railroad boss, Penn
Madden Gideon, farmer, Springfield
Marra Martin, inn keeper, Carbon
Martin Isaac, farmer, Porter
Madden Wm. Esq., farmer, Clay
Marlin, James T., currier, Clay
Metz Jonathan, merchant, West
Mong David, farmer, Warriorsmark
Myton James, farmer, West
McCahan James, laborer, Henderson
McLaughlin Wm, merchant, Mt Union
Owens Perry, merchant, Warriorsm'k
Painter Jacob, farmer, Cromwell
Shade J. A., M. D, Dublin
Speck Abraham, farmer, Brady
Shaver Peter, merchant, Mt Union
Smyers William, mason, Clay
Gates David, farmer, Franklin
Laird Robert A. farmer, Porter

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.
Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.
Grain and country product generally bought at market rates.
au22-tf WAGONER & BRO., Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

THE CARRIER'S ADDRESS.

A happy Yew Year's blushing morn,
With bright Aurora's mellow horn,
Has ushered in the year.
Let bounding joy and festive mirth
Make celebration of its birth;
And music charm the ear.

Let every man and womau wear
The smiles, that happy seraph bear;
And children laugh and sing!
Deck cozy rooms with garlands green,
Adorned by girls of sweet sixteen;
While joyous chorals ring!

Though hills are clothed in snowy white;
And ice binds rivers in its might;
And trees have lost their leaf:
Make up for nature's flowerless dress,
With love and friendship's sweet caress:
And fly from care and grief.

Kind nature gave the love of fun,
That we a happy race may run
O'er life's uneven way;
And New Year's day is set apart,
To swell the fountains of the heart,
With frolic, joy and play.

The hoary mists come down in frost,
As silver on the locks emboss'd,
And whiten twig and bough;
But warm young hearts can melt them all,
As down the icy crystals fall,
While beauty wreaths the brow.

The youths have had their Christmas sport,
While plump Kris Kinkle held his court
Around the chimney fire.
The well filled stockings spoke the praise,
Of this imperial prince of fays;
Whose gifts the young admire.

But this the day that larger boys,
And larger girls seek larger joys,
Than this rich fairy brings:
For music's tones may round them sway,
And heavenly lyres within them play—
Their hearts the fiddle strings.

The beau may find a belle to ring;
The belle a beau to pin or fling;
As wayward fancies glide:
The beau may find responsive chime;
The belle a beau, through coming time,
To fasten to her side.

Now who, on time's fast fluttering wings,
Shall be the tender music strings,
And who the rosined bow?
Don't let your spirits tuneless pine,
That Carolina's turpentine
Could never make them flow.

Your unstrung souls, can, into tone,
Be never harmonized alone;
But must to discord run:
Unless some seraph from the skies
Shall magnetize two pairs of eyes
And tune them into one.

This day a visit, called a pop,
Is duly paid by Mister Fop,
To Miss Jemima Primp:
He takes a seat, she gives a cake;
He asks how long she's been awake;
Then goes to see Miss Gimp.

Bill Timpkins calls with twinkling eyes'
On his—and asks;—How are you, Lize?
A happy New Year's day?
A doughnut give me and a buss,
And I will leave without more fuss,
To spend the Holiday.

Now friends, my bow:—I'll not prolong
My salutation and my song;
But doff my harping robe;
While calling heaven's bounty down,
On all my patrons in the town—
With all who read "THE GLOBE."

THE CARRIER.

"THE OLD WOMAN"—Once she was "Mother," and it was "Mother, I'm hungry," "Mother, mend my jacket," "Mother, put up my dinner," and "Mother," with her loving hands, would spread the bread and butter and stow away the luncheon and sew on the great patch, her heart brimming with affection for the imperious little curly-pate that made her so many steps and nearly distracted her with his boisterous mirth.

Now she is the "old woman;" but she did not think it would ever come to that. She looked on through the future years and saw her boy to manhood grown; and he stood transfigured in the light of her own beautiful love. Never was there a more noble son than he—honored of the world, and the staff of her declining years.

Ay, he was her support even then, but she did not know it. She never realized that it was her little boy that gave her strength for daily toil—that his slender form was all that upheld her over the brink of a dark despair. She only knew how she loved the child, and felt that amid the mists of age his love would bear her gently through its infirmities to the dark hall leading to the life beyond.

But the son had forgotten the mother's tender ministrations now. Adrift from the moorings of home, he is cold, selfish, heartless, and "Mother" has no sacred meaning to the prodigal. She is "the old woman," wrinkled, grey, lame, and blind.

Pity her, O grave, and dry those tears that roll down her furrowed cheeks! Have compassion on her sensitive heart, and offer it thy quiet rest, that it may forget how much it longed to be "dear mother" to the boy it nourished through a careless childhood, but in return for all this wealth of tenderness has only given back reproach.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

EDITORIAL OPINIONS OF THE LEADING JOURNALS

What the South Needs.

[From the New York Times.]

The *Tribune* forcibly urges those who would "revive the flagging energies of the South, lighten her miseries and restore her to vigor and prosperity," to "take or send their money and buy Southern lands." This advice is wise and timely. What the South needs is a revival of her business and industry. She needs capital to procure tools and implements for farming—to pay for her labor in advance of its harvest, to rebuild the dwellings and restore the industry swept out of existence by the war: and it is only from the North, or from abroad, that she can hope to get it.

But it does not come! Neither foreigners nor Northern capitalists will send their money into Southern States for investment, either in lands, or in anything else. And the reason is perfectly obvious: they have not sufficient confidence in the political, industrial, and social future of the South to warrant them in committing their capital to its control. Men will not put their money into any State or country, until they can form some reliable judgment of the usage to which it will be subjected. They want to know the general character and drift of the laws which control it; the rate and kind of taxation to which it will be subjected; the security with which it will be surrounded, and the facilities which will be afforded for employing, changing, or withdrawing it at pleasure. All these things depend on the character of the government which may be established. And until capitalists can form some accurate and reliable opinion as to the kind of governments which are hereafter to exist in the Southern States, and the degree of stable wisdom and justice which may be expected from them, they will not put their property under their control.

Just now the Southern States seem likely to pass substantially under the control of their negro population. Even in States where the negroes have not an absolute majority of the voters, they have enough to decide the policy of the State Governments, unless the white voters unite against them. The latter course would be very likely to involve a conflict of races which would throw society and all its interests into chaos; and if it is not resorted to, the substantial negro supremacy which would follow is an experiment which remains to be tried. The loud and confident predictions of politicians and the press do not settle the question. Capitalists who have money to invest prefer to await the result of such an experiment, which, be it remembered, is as yet wholly untried in the practical working of our democratic institutions.

We have States and communities where a very large per cent. of the governing people is made up of the ignorant and inexperienced; but we have never yet made any trial of such an experiment as is involved, in suddenly giving three-fifths, one-half, or even one-third of the political power of any State to a class of men just released from embruting, blinding, and degrading slavery, not only aliens in race, but of that race which more than any other on the earth is repugnant to Anglo-Saxon sentiment and prejudice, utterly without experience in civil affairs, unaccustomed even to care for themselves in the smallest matters of daily life, and certain, for a long time to come, to be mere tools in the hands of selfish, unscrupulous, and irresponsible politicians on one side or the other.

This is an experiment yet to be tried. It may work well. It may give to liberty stronger guarantees, to property greater security, to labor a surer reward, to enterprise greater stimulus, and to the best interests of the State and its people a safer development, than any form of government which which has been tried hitherto. The *Tribune* believes that it will. So do some of the great capitalists of New England, of New York, and the West—those of them who espouse these theories of universal negro suffrage, to be enforced upon the South by military power, and who are sending political missionaries into the Southern States to organize the permanent establishment of governments based upon them. *But even they do not send their money.* They do not invest in Southern lands or Southern industries of any kind. Strongly as they recommend such investments to other people—earnestly and justly as they invoke aid to the Southern States through such instrumentalities—they do not exhibit that full faith in their own advice which acting upon it would imply.

What the South needs—like all other great communities—first of all, and as the condition *sine qua non* of all industrial prosperity and all material development—is a settled Government, in the practical working of which all who live there, and all who think of investing money there, and all whose welfare in any way depends upon Southern prosperity, shall have a strong and abiding confidence. The South has no such Governments now. It has no Governments which command the respect and confidence of its own people. It is trying very hard to get them, and Congress is trying to help them. But Congress has views and purposes in its action with which the South not only does not sympathize, but which encounter its resolute and rooted hostility; and the result is a conflict of interest, of feeling, and of effort which threatens to prevent for a long time to come, such action as the *Tribune* deems essential to the relief and prosperity of the Southern States.

Congress has assumed control of the whole Southern question. It denied and violently resisted, resented, and defeated the authority which the Executive attempted to assert and exercise over it. Rightly or wrongly, it took into its own hands the whole business of dealing with the South—of providing such Governments as will command confidence and secure the peace, progress, and prosperity of the the Southern States. And Congress must expect to be held responsible for the results.

Presidential Parties—The Hancock Movement and its Tendencies.

[From The New York Herald, (Independent.)]

In the revolutionary times all the plans and combinations of parties and politicians are as liable to be changed by passing events as is the grouping of its various colored bits of broken glass by a single shake of the kaleidoscope. Thus, for an illustration, we see that the nomination of General Hancock for the next Presidency on the Washington platform, by the Independent National Johnson Convention in the White House, has wrought such a wonderful change among all the political elements of the country in their relations towards each other, that we can hardly entertain a doubt that it furnishes the true pattern of the coming Presidential contest.

In the first place, we have, in this White House nomination, the withdrawal of Mr Johnson in favor of Gen. Hancock. This is a shrewd move of Mr. Johnson. He says to the hopeful Democracy, "You have, since the death of my true friend, John Van Buren, turned your backs upon me, as you did upon honest John Tyler. You are casting about among your old Copperhead leaders for a Presidential candidate—among the Seymours, the Pendletons, the Vallandighams, and others of your old Chicago failures of that stripe. These men have no faith in me, Johnson, and I, Johnson, have none in them. I propose you a compromise on General Hancock—a splendid soldier, a gentleman and a scholar, and a statesman withal, who possesses more of the sterling qualities of Geo. Washington than any man in the land of the living. What do you say?" The masses of the Democracy respond, "Hancock is the ticket. Hancock is good. We will rally under the standard of Hancock." But the old bide-bound Copperhead leaders of the Democracy are thrown upon their beam ends. "Are we," they ask, "to be ruled by this man Johnson? Is he, after all, to dictate our nominations? Are we to play second fiddle to Johnson?" They are puzzled and chapfallen. The scepture is taken from their hands. Mr. Johnson, with all his blundering and all his foolishness in his manipulations of the Democracy, has hit the nail upon the head in his ultimatum of Hancock, and has shown himself, at least on the main issue, to be a wiser man than John Tyler, though not quite up to Tyler in other things.

But the Republican radical managers are as sorely perplexed as the Copperhead chiefs with this Johnsonian bombshell. It is a shrewd prescription. It goes to their bones like the newly discovered Gettysburg mineral water, which, it is said, will straighten out the worst case of bone rheumatism in six weeks. Hancock, however, though he went through the fire at Gettysburg, has no need of the Gettysburg water. He is sound. He has no bone rheumatism. The Radicals know it, and they are afraid of him. The pretend to be wonderfully taken up with General Grant. "He is one of us, and with us," they say; but all the time they are planning and plotting to shove him out and shelve him. But if they shelve Grant and take up Chase, where go the army and all the glory of the war? They go to Hancock. So in nominating Hancock for the Democracy, Mr. Johnson nominates Grant for the Republicans; and thus in this single move on the chessbord he blocks the game of both the Copperhead and radical leaders, appoints the candidate on both sides, and shapes the fight for the succession.

The New York Republicans, under the wing of Mr. Chase, are nowhere. They are fifty thousand short. Fenton is demolished, Greeley is all at sea, and as for Weed and Raymond, they have gone over to the bushwhackers. They scour, like Mosby or Cavajal, around the edges of the battle, looking out for the supply trains. We had feared that with the death of rough Dean Richmond and the smooth and polished John Van Buren, after the failure of Haskin with Slocum, the New York Democracy had run to seed. They certainly did look very seedy a year ago; but nigger suffrage has given them a new start, and with Commodore or Land Admiral Vanderbilt, with his four railroads well in hand, like a crack team on the Eighth avenue, and with Peter the Great, known as Bismark Sweeny, in the places of Richmond and Van Buren, New York State and city, on a four mile stretch, is as safe as Camden and Amboy—yea safe as Jersey.

This brings us "swinging round the circle" back again to the White House and Mr. Johnson. He is a lucky man, this Johnson, after all, if not a great man The radicals have failed to impeach him; the Copperheads have failed to catch him, and he has headed off both Copperheads and radicals. Is this a small matter? Mr. Johnson has no doubt had enough of the role of Jackson and his "By the Eternal, I am in the fight;" and in going back to the Washington platform with Hancock, he heads off both radicals and Copperheads. He has been studying Tyler and Fillmore, and their game he finds a waste of powder. He has taken a new departure. If it can't be Johnson, his successor shall be Hancock or Gen. Grant, and this is the battle now before us.

Watchman, what do you see in the offing? Grant the Republican ticket, in spite of himself and in spite of the radicals; Hancock the Democratic champion, in spite of the Copperheads. What else? Vicksburgh and Fredericksburg, Gettysburg and Petersburg, Chattanooga and Appomattox, nigger suffrage, nigger supremacy, white man's government, greenbacks, bonds, banks, taxes, corruptions, Copperheads, conservatives, radicals, whites and niggers, reconstruction and restoration, redemption and repudiation, so inexplicably mixed up that it looks like the first battle of Bull Run, when McDowell thought he had it. The upshot of this negro business in the South, within the next three months, will, we doubt not, settle the question.

☞Hon. Henry J. Raymond, editor of the New York *Times*, and Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions of the Philadelphia 14th of August, 1866, Convention, has published a letter which he says:

The original call for the Philadelphia Convention was drawn by Senator Doolittle. I declined to sign it because it opened the door for all persons *then* in favor of the Union, even for original secessionists, to join in the Convention—drawing no distinction between them and original Union men. When the Democratic members of Congress *as such* issued a card endorsing the call, my view on the case was confirmed; and when the joint call of the Democratic National Convention and a body calling itself the Johnson Central Committee was issued, inviting each Congressional district in the United States to send four delegates—two of men who had voted for Mr. Lincoln and two who had voted against him in 1864—it seemed certain that the control of the Convention would rest in the hands of men opposed to the Union party.

I declined therefore, to be a candidate for the Convention—*and consented finally to go into it only at the urgent personal solicitation, and on the very strong potitical representations of the President and Secretary of State,* I gave them, as my reason for not wishing to go, the certainty that under the call the convention would be in the hands of men who in the South had been in rebellion, and who in the North had opposed the war; that it would be hostile in temper and in principle to the Union party, of which I was not only a member, but in which I held an official position, and that I could not consent to act against its interests.

To this they replied that if the members of the Union party refused to take part in the Convention, it would necessarily fall into hostile hands and be used by the Democratic party to endorse its principles and aid its fortunes; but they were confident that if Republican friends of the Administration would go into the Convention, they could guide its action and secure adoption of National, Union and Republican principles, as they had been affirmed by the Baltimore Convention of 1864, and carried out by President Lincoln. *President Johnson said he was very anxious that the Convention should not be left to insure to the benefit of the Democratic party. He knew that party thoroughly; it had been disloyal to the country while engaged in war, and did not enjoy or deserve the confidence of the people. The Union party, which had carried the country through the war, was the party to restore the Union, now that the war was over,* He thought its leaders in Congress were going to extremes and were entering upon a policy which would prevent the effective extension of the party to the Southern States, and that a Convention of this sort, which would demonstrate the readiness of Southern men to accept the principles of the Union party, would have a good effect on the party itself, and lead to the adoption of more moderate counsels, and put an end to the sectional character of political parties. He said he wanted the Convention to take precisely the ground which I had taken in a speech made a few days before in Congress on *Restoration and the Union Party*, every word of which met his approval; and he felt quite sure that if I would go into the Convention and write an address embracing those views, it would be promptly and heartily endorsed by the Convention.

These views were strongly pressed by the President and Mr. Seward, in a conversation which lasted for an hour. I asked them if it was designed or desired to lay the foundation for a new political party. The President said *certainly not;* the Union party, purified of the extreme doctrines of its extreme men, and adhering to the conservative constitutional ground it had always held, was the party which ought to rule the country, and restore the Union; and if it would act wisely in this matter, it could retain power and administer the Government for twenty-five years to come. *I asked if it was desired that the Convention should support or aid in any way the success of the Democratic party in the coming elections. The President said, certainly not, as a party. All he desired was that the Convention should exert a strong moral influence upon the Union party,* and induce the nomination and election to Congress of moderate men, who were for restoring the Union on constitutional principles, and who would admit Southern men into Congress, provided they could take the oath required by law. It was only in cases where the Republicans should nominate extreme Radicals that he should desire the election of Democrats in their stead.

I told the President that I could not refuse to do anything in my power to aid an object which, as he had presented it, seemed so just and desirable; and that I would go into the convention, if elected, and prepare an address for its consideration, with this understanding, that if the convention did not take the ground indicated, but fell under the control of rebels and Copperheads, I should bolt. "Certainly," he replied, "and so I hope will every friend I have in it."

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Those subscribing for three, six or twelve months with the understanding that the paper be discontinued unless subscription is renewed, receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 8, 1868.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

☞Congress re-assembled on Monday. Its first political business will be an effort to re-instate Stanton.

☞The Pennsylvania Legislature assembles to-day, Tuesday. There has been a warm contest for the Speakership of the House, and for the Clerkships and State Treasurer. E W Davis of Philadelphia, will be Speaker.

☞Messrs. Garfield and Bingham, prominent Republican members of Congress from Ohio, in a conversation with their fellow members on the floor of the House a few days since, expressed their deliberate opinion that "the negro must be thrown overboard to save their party."

☞A State Convention of the "Boys in Blue" association, composed of ex-soldiers and sailors, will be held in Philadelphia on the 8th inst. The object of the Convention is to nominate candidates for President and Vice President. Gen. Grant will be nominated for President, and Andy Curtin for Vice President. A strong ticket.

☞The excellent management of the War Department under General Grant should convince everybody that the change was a reform, such as should be introduced into every Department of the Government. Of course office seekers and speculators don't like such reform movements. We wish there were a few more removals and a few more Grants to fill the vacancies. Public opinion is telling against the blood suckers.

☞The Philadelphia *Daily News* now comes to us in a beautiful dress of new type. We are pleased to see such evidence of prosperity of the only independent political paper in Philadelphia. If the Union press generally had stood fast to the Union principles, as the *News* has done,—if they had not given way to the pressure of Radicalism—the great Union party of the war would still be in existence and in a healthy condition.

☞The very strongest argument in favor of General Grant for President is the fact that he is opposed and hated by the extreme Radical leaders whose influence destroyed the Union party organization. The mixed radical party in the Southern States, are almost unanimous in opposition to Grant and in favor of Chase. Just now Grant is the candidate of the Union masses, and if he should continue as he is, uncommitted to either party, he will be the candidate of the people and will be elected.

☞President Johnson, last week, removed Gen. Pope and Gen. Ord. Gen. Pope was in command of the Alabama and Georgia District, and General Ord was in command of the Mississippi and Arkansas District. Gen. Meade has been appointed to take Pope's place, and Gen. McDowell to take Ord's place. General Ord requested that he might be relieved. Of course these removals make considerable talk in political circles, and may make some change in reconstruction, but they can't well make things look darker than they do. We hope the changes may prove beneficial.

☞Some few of our readers cannot understand how we can oppose Radicalism and not support the "Democratic party." We have, and will continue to oppose Radicalism, to save from defeat the Union element of what is now the Republican party. We are just as much opposed to the "Copperheads," or extremists, of the "Democratic party" as we were during the war, and just as much opposed to Radicalism as we are to Copperheadism. We are not, and never have believed, that all who vote or acted with the Democratic party were or are "Copperheads," but we do believe the Democratic organization was misled by disloyal leaders during the war, and we believe there is too much influence of the same kind controlling the party organization to-day. We believe the Republican organization would be as true to the whole Union to-day as the "Union party" was during the war, if it would free itself of the influence of prominent Radicals. If the "Democratic party" should succeed in electing the next President and a majority of Congress men, it will be because the "Republican party"—or "Union party"—fail to repudiate the controlling influence of the Radical destructives. The results in the several State elections last fall should be enough to satisfy all Republicans that it will not be safe for them *to go into another campaign* with the same platform of radical principles. There is no evidence that the Republican party is growing any stronger than it was last fall. The disease destroying the party must be removed before the party can be expected to gain strength.

The Georgia Conventionists wanted $40,000 from the State Treasury to pay their expenses, when the Treasurer told them that he was not bound to pay out any public moneys except on a warrant signed by the Governor.

It is said the people of the West Indies desire annexation to the United States. Perhaps their desire will be granted.

1868.

As during the past year, the two recognized parties, the "Democratic," and the "Republican," have commenced the new with a bitterness toward each other that promises to be carried to an extreme never before witnessed in any Presidential campaign. The extremists of both parties have thus far been too successful in controlling their party organizations. Extremists of both parties, North and South, forced upon our country the late war. Extremists of both parties continued the war from year to year until both armies were nearly worn out—and extremists of both parties have been in the way of Peace and Union ever since,—and they will continue to keep the country in trouble just so long as the press and the honest voters yield to their dictation and commands. Reconstruction has been in progress since the war ended. The "Republican" party has been in power ever since, and, influenced and controlled by extremists, it has gone on step by step into greater difficulties. The contest in the Southern States between the whites and blacks is for the supremacy. The Congressional plan, if successful, will give the negroes political control in some of the States. Such a reconstruction will never be submitted to by the whites, and if forced upon them by the Republican party of the North, the voters at the next election will show their disapproval by defeating Republican candidates for Congress and other offices. Negro supremacy would be a severe punishment for rebels, but while *the guilty might* not be punished too severely, the innocent thousands, citizens of the South during the rebellion, and new citizens from the North, would be equally punished. But the innocent must suffer the disgrace and punishment that the Radicals may succeed in manufacturing votes to support them in their extreme negro equality notions. The Democratic leaders are just as radical and extreme as the Republican Radicals. They would place in office in the Southern States, and at the head of our Government, men who fought against us, and others who were conspicuous as rebel sympathizers. The extremists of both parties must submit to the will of the people or the dark clouds hanging over us will grow darker every day.

Ever since the last battle was fought we have pursued a course we believed best calculated to bring about peace, harmony and a Union of the States. And whilst it would pay us better, in dollars and cents, to pursue a different course in the future, we cannot think of being influenced by the dollar to do that which our conscience would condemn. A free, independent Union journal is the only kind we can publish, and if the *Globe* cannot be sustained as such, we have no desire to see it live.

☞The situation of affairs in the Southern States is appalling. Many, and it is said, all of the planters in Tennessee, Alabama, and Mississippi, are bankrupt. In some sections the crops were unremunerative, and the planters have been unable to pay their hands. From Arkansas and Louisiana there comes up a great cry of want and suffering. The negroes in those States are robbing and plundering throughout the country, killing sheep to feed upon, and entering houses to rob them of food and clothing. In Arkansas fears are entertained of a negro insurrection. Probably, a general rising of the negroes, intent upon universal robbery, burning and massacre, aimed at the property and lives of the whites, is the only calamity which would be really much worse than the distressing state of things which exists at the South already. A remedy must soon be effected, or we will have this calamity, and that remedy must be effected by Congress ceasing to enforce its ruinous doctrine of negro supremacy, and admitting loyal white men to a share in the councils of the nation. We have tried the Congressional plan of reconstruction much too long, and every day we hear of additions to the catalogue of evils that have resulted from it. Peace, peace, peace, is what we must have first, and a restored Union will speedily follow.

☞Some of the Republican "organs" seeing the handwriting upon the wall, are inclining strongly towards Conservatism, willing to drop the effort to place the negro upon a political equality with the white man. Such a movement has alarmed the "organs" of the Radicals and they give notice what their wing of the party will and will not do. The *Morning Post* of Philadelphia, speaks for the Radical wing, and says:

"Now, for the question of leaving the party. The Radicals do not intend to leave an organization of which they have control. They will stay in; they will hold the National Republican Convention, and, if the Grant movement does not utterly debauch the principles and blind the eyes of our leaders, that Convention will make a Radical platform in which Impartial Suffrage will be one of the stoutest planks. If there is to be any bolting the Conservatives will have to do it, and to use the words of the *North American*, 'we do not know that we should regret the movement.'"

Pennsylvania has been paid $1,933,228 for expenses incurred in defense of the United States. The amount claimed by all the States is $40,295,000, which has been nearly all paid. The amounts are first collected by taxation, and then paid into the State Treasuries, where it is on hand to be squandered by corrupt Legislators.

☞After much mischief has been done, the respectable and honest Republican journals everywhere are now beginning to disown their leaders in the Southern States. The Pittsburg *Commercial*, Republican, speaking of Hunnicutt, the leader of the Radicals in Virginia, says:

"The worst misfortune that has befallen the emancipated black people of the South is that such men as Hunnicutt have obtained almost unlimited power over them. This man Hunnicutt recently acknowledged that he voted for the Ordinance of Secession in 1860, and how much he loved the negro, and how sincere he must be now *can be inferred from the following* extract from the *Christian Banner*, which he edited in Fredericksburg:

'We are decidedly opposed to any and all African churches, south of Mason and Dixon's line. In the present state of things, and at this particular crisis, we think it exceedingly impolitic in the Southern people to allow such organizations to exist in our midst. The time for such unhallowed assemblies is not yet. Nor is Virginia the place of rendezvous for such dangerously mischievous, ungodly masses of crude mind and matter to congregate, to concoct and execute their nefarious schemes of religious villainies. They are ignorant and superstitious to a proverb. Depravity, ignorance, and superstition form a dangerous compound, and such a compound is the black population of Virginia.'

Hunnicutt keeps up this style, only that the white men are the objects now of his invective. The mischief he is doing the black people of Virginia is incalculable. Republicans especially should every where disown all responsibility for his sentiments or actions."

The Constitutional Union Association of Philadelphia, at a meeting held on the 23d ult., adopted the following resolutions:

Whereas the true interest and purposes of the Constitutional Union Association is not correctly understood by many, who erroneously believe that it is intended only to aid or assist some other party: therefore be it

Resolved, That the Constitutional Union Party has no affinity or connection with any other party, but standing on the broad platform of the preservation of the Union, with all the rights, dignity and authority of the States perfect and unimpaired; the maintenance of the Constitution in all its parts, as the supreme law of the land, and the determination to insist that white men shall rule the country, cordially invite all men, *without* regard to former party predilections, to unite with us in an effort to save the nation from destruction, and restore peace and unity throughout the land.

Resolved, That citizens of the State of Pennsylvania without regard to former party predilections, who are in favor of the preservation of the Union, with all the rights, dignity and authority of the States perfect and unimpaired, the maintenance of the Constitution in all its parts as the supreme law of the land, who are opposed to negro suffrage, and who are opposed to the tyrannical and unconstitutional acts of Congress in creating a military despotism in ten States of the Union, by which every vestige of civil liberty has been effaced in these States, and giving three millions of ignorant, debased negroes the power to rule eight millions of intelligent white men; who are in favor of an economical administration of the affairs of the government, State and National, in order that taxation may be reduced, and who desire to have peace, unity, and fraternity restored throughout the nation, are requested to elect delegates, double in number to their representation in the Senate and House of Representatives, to a State Convention of the Constitutional Union party, to be held in the city of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 20th day of February, 1868, to take such action as may be necessary to organize the party throughout the nation.

Murder of a Railroad Conductor.

[From the Pittsburg Commercial, December 31st.]

Mr. Charles H Parker, the popular conductor of the Johnstown accommodation train, Pennsylvania Railroad, met with his death about half past 6 o'clock yesterday evening, while going East, at the hands of a drunken desperado, named Samuel Hull, who was a passenger in his charge. From all that could be gathered, the circumstances of the homicide appear to be these: In the performance of his duty, Conductor Parker called upon Hull for his ticket or fare. The latter refused to hand over either, and acted in a very disorderly manner. Finding Hull was determined to be unreasonable, Mr Parker had recourse to the last resort of a conductor with a refractory passenger, and rung the bell to stop the train in order that Hull might be put out. The train was stopped about one mile west of Nineveh Station, Westmoreland county, and just as it stopped, Hull drew a knife and plunged it into the body of Mr. Parker, who expired almost immediately without uttering a word. The murderer coolly walked out of the car, pulling the bell rope as he did so, and before the horror stricken passengers *could realize their duty to seize him*, the train was in motion, and the murderer had escaped. The train proceeded to Johnstown with the body of Mr. Parker, whose residence was at Conemaugh, three miles beyond Johnstown, where he leaves a young wife to whom he was wedded *some six months ago*. Mr. Parker was about twenty-eight years of age, a courteous and obliging conductor, and a faithful officer to the company.

Arrest of the Murderer.

New Florence, Pa., Dec. 31.—Samuel Hull, the murderer of Charles H. Parker, Conductor of the Johnstown Accommodation, was captured by the employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at two o'clock this morning, at the house of a man named Donnelly, in Centreville, which place is just across the Conemaugh River from New Florence.

Donnelly refused admittance to the pursuers, and threatened to shoot who ever should dare to enter. Entrance was effected, however, and Hull was captured, but Donnelly did not shoot. It was with the greatest difficulty that *the leador of the capturing party* restrained his men from lynching the murderer Hull on the spot.

The Marion (S. C.) Star has the following: "In the list of delegates elected we find fifty-four whites and sixty-three negroes. In three districts—Chester, Horry and Lancaster—all the members elect are blacks, and in several we notice three and even four negroes to one white man. We believe that is generally conceded by all right-minded and honorable men in Carolina, that the Convention was defeated, but that result was had to skilful manipulation and cooking of the official returns, by which process the military managers have succeeded in figuring up a small majority in favor of the Convention.

The "Situation" in the South.

A Washington correspondent of the *New York Herald*, writes as follows:

It is well known at the national capital that the activity manifested by the white residents of the unreconstructed States in organizing conservative clubs in all the counties and cities of the South is for the purpose of protecting themselves and their posterity from the infamy of negro supremacy. A united effort will be made to defeat the ratification of the several constitutions to be submitted, and failing in that, to effect a compromise with the negroes, by which the whites hope to control their own State and local offices. The proposition now in most favor among the prominent conservative leaders is to draw the freedmen from their allegiance to the white adventurers who seek to ride into office by their votes. To *accomplish* this the whites, as a *dernier resort*, will probably say to the freedmen, "Select men from your own race for Congressional honors, allow us to choose men from our race for local offices, unite with us and elect a compromise ticket." Prominent wirepullers in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas express the belief that the freedmen will accept this offer in good faith and be satisfied. Should this scheme be crowned with success—and the influence exercised by leading white politicians in some of the States over the more conservative negroes shows that such a thing is not impossible, the compromise party will send to Congressional seats beside Butler, Stevens and company, the black scum of the cotton fields, and give the radical negro equality shriekers such a taste of the article that the party will be brought into contempt and loathing, and swept away by a popular political revolution that will bury them and their Bob Ridleys and Dandy Jims so deep that an earthquake cannot resurrect them. But the whites will have accomplished something for themselves. They will have selected their governors, States officers, Mayors, Sheriffs, &c., from the best men of their own race, while the national capital will become a nest of miscegenationists of many hues.

Intelligence from the reconstructed States continue to show gloomy pictures of the utter ruin that has been brought about by Congressional legislation for the readmission of the States on a negro supremacy basis. The press of the country is filled with details of murders, robberies, riots and burnings on the part of the suffering freedmen. Three million whites and black are on the point of starvation, and the civil and military authorities *of the nation have provided no remedy* for this state of things. These are the stories that come from all quarters south of the James River, and they are, no doubt, true. The best evidence of the general depression and poverty of the Southern States is found in the fact that real estate is of little or no money value. Plantations that before the war commanded as high as fifty dollars per acre are daily knocked off under the Sheriff's hammer for a mere bagatelle—in most cases at prices far below the cost of the buildings erected thereon. Planters see starvation staring them in the face, evidences about them of a short and bloody conflict of races cropping out, and they are ready to sacrifice their property for a sufficient sum to enable them to leave the country or subsist their families until the negro question is settled and prosperity return. Here is a fine chance for young men and industrious emigrants of small capital to invest and secure farms. Splendid plantations that about eight years ago were worth from twenty to fifty dollars per acre can now be purchased for as many cents. Even a war of races cannot destroy these farms. The conflict will be short, the poor negro will be the greater sufferer, and the States will certainly be reconstructed and prosperity return before two years. In such investments there is no risk, for land ed property is certain to increase in value on the admission of the States, even on a negro basis.

Items of General Interest.

Some portions of New York State were visited by shocks of earthquake recently.

Despatches received from Naples mention that the eruption of Mount Vesuvius is continually increasing in power and splendor.

Three millions of whites and blacks are said to be starving in Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas.

There is an increase in the number of emigrants in 1867 over the previous year, of 11,622.

It is keeping the United States troops in the South busy to quell the disturbances that are continually arising between the negroes and whites.

The steamship Raleigh, from New York for New Orleans, was burned on the 24th ult., twenty miles off the coast of South Carolina. About thirteen lives were lost, and twenty-four others reported missing.

The negroes of Montgomery, Alabama, were out in force on Christmas day, and armed. As usual they found some body to address them in incendiary language, and of course they were radicals.

A Radical Judicial Convention was held at Nashville on the 21st ult., at which two thousand negroes were present. There was a stormy time, which wound up in a knock-down between two candidates.

The Hon. C. S. Hamilton, Representative member of Congress from the Eighth District of Ohio, was brutally murdered by a son of his in a fit of insanity, on the 23d ult., being struck in the head with an axe, at Marysville, Ohio.

Since the explosion at Clerkenwall prison, Manchester, a strict and increased watch has been placed on the movements of the Fenians, by the British. The demonstrations arise *from the desire of the Fenians to rescue their* companions confined in prison.

Numbers of freedmen are passing through Washington and Baltimore daily from the South, en route to Indiana and other Western States, where they propose to settle as farmers. *In some instances they have saved* enough from their earnings since the close of the war to buy small farms, but as a general thing they are seeking employment.

Speer's Wine.

Speer's Port Grape Wine is the only wine calculated to do good in diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, and kidneys, such as acidity, dysentery, diarrhœa, incontinence of urine, and general debility. One bottle is sufficient to convince the most sceptical of the great curative powers contained in this wine.

Sold by druggists.

☞A cunning trick was performed in Newark an Friday last. A stranger who pretended to be tipsy slipped on the step in front of a machinery wareroom near the Market street depot, and broke a large plate glass window. The proprietors demanded payment, but the man pretended that he had no money. One of the partners proposed that the culprit should be searched. That was done, and the owner of the window was rewarded by finding a $100 bill in his pocket. He immediately changed the bill, and after taking out $12 for damages, handed the inebriate $88. To this the stranger made no objection, but staggered off, and was soon lost to sighs. In a short time the machinists had occasion to make a deposit, and the one hundred dollar bill was sent to bank. It was returned as a counterfeit. The man has not been seen since, and it arrested, he could not be prosecuted, as he did not attempt to pass the bill. That is a new dodge.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

APPLICATION FOR PARDON.
Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to the Governor of Pennsylvania for the pardon of Riley Wilson, convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary for larceny, in the Quarter Sessions of Huntingdon county.
Huntingdon, Jan. 8*

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.
A regular meeting of the Huntingdon county Agricultural Society will be held in the Court House on TUESDAY evening of the first week of the coming court (14th inst.) for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of other business of importance.
By order of the Society.
jan8 R. McDIVITT, Sec'y.

THREE LOTS FOR SALE.
The subscriber offers for sale his THREE LOTS fronting on BATH street in the borough of HUNTINGDON, adjoining lots of Jane Woods, C. Colestock, and others.
If not sold at private sale on or before THURSDAY, 16th JANUARY, inst., they will be offered at public sale at half-past 1 o'clock on that day at the Court House in said borough.
jan8* THOMAS TWEED.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENN'A.
IN THE MATTER OF JAMES SAXTON, Bankrupt, Western District of Pennsylvania, ss:
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 27th day of December, 1867, a Warrant of Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, against the estate of JAMES SAXTON, of the borough of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; and that a meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be *holden in the Court House in Huntingdon*, before JOHN BROTHERLINE, Esq., Register for said district, on the 1ST DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock, a. m.
THOS. A. ROWLEY, U. S Marshal.
jan8-4t By S. THOS. ELDER, Deputy Marshal.

J. A. POLLOCK,
SURVEYOR & REAL ESTATE AGENT,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Will attend to Surveying in all its branches, and will buy and sell Real Estate in any part of the United States. Send for circular. dec20-1f

It is the best chance ever offered to Agents!
One or two days' time will secure a good
Sewing Machine, Watch, Silk Dress, Revolver,
or some other article of equal value, FREE OF COST!
Agents wanted everywhere, male and female, for the best One Dollar Pawnbroker's Sale in the country.
Send for circular. S. C. THOMPSON & CO.,
dec26-3m* 30 Hanover street, Boston, Mass.

J. S. BERKSTRESSER
WITH
E. MEGRAW & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
TOBACCO, CIGARS and SNUFF,
53 *and* 55 *Hand Street, and* 31 *St. Clair Street,*
PITTSBURGH, PA.
dec26-1m*

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

GEO. F. MARSH,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
AND DEALER IN
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
FOR MEN AND BOYS,
Have removed to the store room on the corner of the Diamond, opposite Lowis' Book Store, where he intends to keep constantly on hand the latest styles of Ready made Clothing and piece goods, comprising
AMERICAN, ENGLISH AND FRENCH
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS.
Also a large supply of OVERCOATS, made up in the most fashionable style, and sold at greatly reduced prices.
Being a practical workman of many years experience, he is prepared to make to order Clothing for men and boys, and guarantee neat, durable and fashionable workmanship. He is determined to please everybody.
☞All are invited to call and examine my new stock of beautiful patterns before purchasing elsewhere
dec26,1867 GEO. F MARSH.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given, to all *persons interested, that the* following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's Office, at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be presented for confirmation and allowance at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Huntingdon, in and for the county of Huntingdon, on Monday, the 13th day of JANUARY next, (1868,) to wit:
1 The final account of Ephraim Hazlet, Executor of the last will and testament of Marin Fleming, late of Brady township deceased.
2 Guardianship account of Isaac Oatenkirk, guardian of the minor children of Martin Fleming, late of Brady twp., deceased.
3 The final account of John W. Mattern, administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo of John Smiley, late of Brady township, deceased.
4 Administration account of James McElroy administrator of the estate of P. G. Davis, deceased.
5 Administration account of Abraham Harnish and Lewis H. Kneale, executors of the last will and testament of Margaretta Swoope, late of Porter township, deceased.
6 Administration account of David Elder, administrator of Robert Gifford, late of the borough of Orbisonia, deceased.
7 Final account of William Madden, administrator cum testa annexo of Jacob Booher, late of Springfield township, dec'd.
8 Account of Matthias F. Shoop, executor of the last will and testament of Jane Piper, late of Tell twp., deceased.
9 Administration account of James Miller and James Stewart, executors of Thomas Miller, late of Barree twp., deceased.
10 Administration account of Saml I. Leonard, administrator of Lydia Irwin, late of Cromwell township, dec'd.
11 Final administration account of Michael J. Martin and Asaph Price, administrators of the estate of Joseph S Martin, late of Tod township, deceased.
12 Administration account of David Ashton, administrator of Thomas Ashton, late of Springfield township, deceased.
13 Guardianship account of Saml. Cummins, guardian of Wm. C. Cummins, late of Jackson township, deceased.
14 Guardianship account of Catharine E. Shaver, now Catharine Stewart, guardian of Catharine E. Shaver, a minor daughter of Wm. Shaver, deceased.
15 Final administration account of Geo. Jackson and Robert Fleming, administrators of James Stewart, late of Jackson township, deceased.
16 Administration account of A. W. Swoope and John Guyon, Sr., executors of Eliza Gilleland, late of Union township, dec'd. Filed by A. W. Swoope, acting executor
J. E. SMUCKER,
Register's Office, Register.
Hunt., Dec. 18, '67.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following Inventories of *the goods* and Chattels set to widows, under the *provisions* of the act of 14th of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be presented for "approval by the Court" on Wednesday the 15th of JANUARY, (1868,):
1. The Inventory and appraisement of the goods and chattels which were of John Bolinger, late of Cromwell township, deceased. as taken by his widow, Margaret Bolinger.
Dec. 18, 1867. J. E. SMUCKER, Clerk.

☞Musical Instruments, fancy and useful articles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

APPEALS.—
The County Commissioners will hold their Appeals for the year 1868, between the hours of 10 and 2 o'clock, at *the following* places in the several townships and boroughs, to wit:
Huntingdon, Thursday, the 23d January, at the Commissioners' Office.
Juniata township, *Friday*, 24th January, at Hawn's school house.
Walker township Monday, 27th January, at the public house of John Dean.
Carbon township and Coalmont borough, on Tuesday, 28th January, in Coalmont, at the public house of John *H.* Herbert.
Hopewell township, *Wednesday*, 29th January, at the school house near Geo Berkstresser's.
Lincoln township, Thursday, 30th January, at Anderson's hotel.
Tell township, Friday, 31st January, at the school house near *Henry S. Green's*.
Penn township, Saturday, 1st February, in Markleburg, at Zeigler's hotel.
Tell township, 4th February, at the Union school house, at or near Nossville.
Dublin township, Wednesday, 5th February, at Shade Gap, at the public house of W. McGowan.
Cromwell township, Thursday, 6th *February*, at the public house of A. Carothers, in Orbisonia.
Springfield township, Friday, 7th February, at the school house at Meadow Gap.
Shirley township, Saturday, 8th of February, at the school house in Scottsville.
Cass township and Cassville borough, Monday, 10th February, at the public house of Philip Pheasant, in Cassville.
Union township and Mapleton brough on Tuesday 11th February, at the public house of John Weston, in Mapleton.
Shirleysburg, and that part of Shirley township which votes at Shirleysburg, Wednesday, 12th February, at the public house of Perry Harris.
Mount Union, and that part of Shirley township which votes at Mount Union. Thursday, 13th February, at the public house of S. B. Shaver.
Brady township, Friday 14th February, at Mill Creek at the public school house.
Henderson township, Saturday, 15th February, at the Union school house.
Jackson township, Monday, 17th February, at M'Alevy's Fort, at the hotel of George E. Little.
Penn township, Tuesday, 18th February, at Saulsburg, at the hotel of Jacob Gallman.
West township, Wednesday, 19th February, at the school house at Shaver's Creek bridge, near the house of Henry Davis.
Porter township and Alexandria borough, Thursday, 20th February, in Alexandria, at the hotel of Henry Chamberlain.
Morris township, Friday, 21st February, at the public house in Waterstreet.
Franklin township, Saturday, 22d February, at the school house in Franklinville.
Warriorsmark township, Monday, 24th February, in Warriorsmark, at the hotel of James Chamberlain.
Oneida township, Tuesday, 25th February, at the hotel at the Warm Springs.
ADAM WAHEEL,
ADAM FOUSE,
SAMUEL CUMMINS,
Dec. 25, 1867.—3t. [Commissioners.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—
[Estate of Samuel Krieger, dec'd.]
Letters testamentary, on the estate of Samuel Krieger, late of Lincoln township, Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
Dec. 18, '67-6t. AZARIAH KRIEGER, Executor.

TAVERN LICENSES.—
The following persons have filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Huntingdon county, their *petitions for licenses to keep Inns or Taverns* in said county and which will be presented to the Judge of said Court on the second Monday of January for allowance:
Valentine Brown, Huntingdon.
Wm T. Pearson, Broad Top city.
Abner Anderson, Coffee Run.
John Pheasant, Mapleton.
EATING HOUSE.
Sylvester W. Haslet, Spruce Creek.
J. R. SIMPSON, Clerk.
Huntingdon, Dec. 18, 1867.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
The partnership heretofore existing between H. ROBLEY and GEO. F. MARSH, Merchant Tailors, has been dissolved by mutual consent. The books are in the hands of Geo. F. Marsh, who will settle the business of the firm. H. ROBLEY.
The undersigned respectfully announces to the public that he will continue the business at the old stand on the corner of the Diamond, opposite Lewis' Book Store. GEO. F. MARSH.
Huntingdon, Dec. 18, 1867 4t

SELLERS & FOLWELL,
WHOLESALE
CONFECTIONERS & FRUITERERS,
No. 161 North Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
☞Orders promptly attended to. dec4-4t

J. C. BLAIR,
BOOKSELLER,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
STATIONERY
AND
WALL PAPER.
Proprietor of the
Huntingdon Circulating Library.
TERMS: Annual subscriptions, $5.00; half yearly, $3.00 quarterly, $1.50. This subscription entitles one person to one new and one old book at a time.
Weekly Subscribers.—For loan of Books per week, 10 cents per volume
Weekly subscribers will be required in all cases to leave a deposit equal in value to the Book.
The new Books will not be allowed to *any* subscriber for a longer period than *four* days; or if detained beyond that time, an additional charge of 3 cents per day; other books seven days, or if detained beyond that time 3 cents per day. Books not returned in two weeks to be charged.
All Books are considered old that have been in the Library *six months*.
Books damaged seriously will be charged.
All payable in advance.
Special terms and arrangements with persons living out of town.
All new and desirable books on hand as soon as issued.
A complete assortment of pictures for
DECALCOMANIA,
OR, THE
ART OF INSTANTLY TRANSFERRING PICTURES
To China, Glass, Tin and Wooden ware, Leather and Paper Mache goods, in short, to all articles of every description.
The following series of Books will be found constantly on hand:
SPELLERS AND READERS.
Parker & Watson's, McGuffey's, Town's,
Sander's, Sargent's, Worcester's,
Sander's Union, Osgood's, Bank's, &c.
Hillard's,
ARITHMETICAL.
Greenleaf's, Robinson's, Dean's
Davis's, Ray's, Colburn's,
Stoddard's, Brooks', Loomis', &c., &c.
GEOGRAPHICAL.
Mitchell's, Colton & Fitch's, Guyot's,
Warren's, Monteith's, Camp's.
GRAMMARS.
Green's, Clark's, Fowsmith's,
Bullion's, Brown's, Parker's.
HISTORIES.
Goodrich's, Pinnock's, Martindale's,
Millard's, Wilson's, Worcester's.
Lossing's,
DICTIONARIES.
Cobb's, Reed's, Walker's,
Jenkin's, Webster's, Robbin's.
Worcester's,
Speakers, Dialogue, Classical, Botanical, Chemistry, and Miscellaneous School Books.
BLANK BOOKS.
From the small paper cover Pass to the full bound Russia Corner Ledger.
A splendid assortment of
HOLIDAY AND TOY BOOKS,
of English and American manufacture.
Satchels, Bottom Flour Sacks, at jobbing rates—at from $27.50 to $65 per thousand. Printed with any name desired.
Also, Manilla Wrapping, Confectionery and Sugar Bags
DAILY, WEEKLY AND MONTHLY PAPERS AND MAGAZINES OF ALL KINDS.
Choice Havana and Yara SEGARS, Solace, Century, Sunnyside, and other brands of fine cut CHEWING TOBACCO. Oronoco, Navy, Spun, &c., &c.
A beautiful stock of Octagon and Square Cornered Rustic Walnut and Gilt
PICTURE FRAMES.
All kinds of Frames on hand and made to order. Imitation Rosewood, and Gilt Imitation Walnut and Gilt Genuine Walnut and Plain and Fancy Gilt Frames supplied on short notice.
CARDS OF ALL KINDS.
Music and Periodicals bound *in every style* at cheap rates.
French and common paper stamped any letter or letters, plain or in colors.
Photographs, Albums, Engravings, Artist's Materials, such as Monochromate Boards, Tube Paints, Crayons, &c.
Also, Agent for the Singer Family and Manufacturing SEWING MACHINES—a Machine that will Hem, Braid, Cord, Tuck, Quilt and Bind. Please call and examine—A full assortment of the different styles constantly on hand.
All orders and inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.
J. C BLAIR,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
Dec18,1867-1f. Next to Broad Top Ticket Office.

☞For School Books and School Stationery of all kinds call at Lewis' Book Store.

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed, dated at Huntingdon, the 23d of November, A. D. 1867, under the hands and seals of the Hon. George Taylor, President of the Court of Common Pleas, Oyer and Terminer, and general jail delivery of the 24th Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of Huntingdon, Blair and Cambria counties; and the Hons. Anthony J. Beaver and David Clarkson, his associates, Judges of the county of Huntingdon, justices assigned, appointed to hear, try and determine all and every *indictments* made or taken for or concerning all crimes, which by the laws of the State are made capital, or felonies of death, and other offences, crimes and misdemeanors, which have been or shall hereafter be committed or perpetrated, for crimes aforesaid—I am commanded to make public proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Oyer and Terminer, of Common Pleas and *Quarter Sessions*, will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the second Monday (and 13th day) of JANUARY, and those who will prosecute the said prisoners, be then and there to prosecute them as it shall be just, and that all Justices of the Peace, Coroner and Constables within said county, be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock, a. m. of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations and remembrances, to do those things which to their offices respectively appertain.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 18th December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and the 91st year of American Independence.
JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff.*

PROCLAMATION.—WHEREAS, by a precept to me directed by the Judges of the Common Pleas of the county of Huntingdon, bearing *test* the 23d of November, A. D. 1867, I am commanded to make public Proclamation throughout my whole bailiwick, that a Court of Common Pleas will be held at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 3rd Monday (and 20th day) of JANUARY, 1868, for the trial of all issues in said Court which remain undetermined before the said Judges, when and where all jurors, witnesses, and suitors, in the trials of all issues are required.
Dated at Huntingdon, the 18th December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and the 91st year of American Independence.
JAS. F. BATHURST, *Sheriff.*

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
THIS MILL is a complete success in the manufacture of FLOUR, &c. It has lately been thoroughly repaired and is now in good running order and in full operation.
The burrs and choppers are now and of superior quality—cannot be excelled. And we are gratified to know that our work has given entire satisfaction to our customers, to whom we tender our thanks.
We have in our employ one of the best millers in the county, and a faithful and capable engineer. Thus equipped and encouraged, we are determined to persevere in our efforts to accommodate and please the public, hoping thereby to merit and receive a liberal share of patronage to sustain us in our enterprise for the public interest.
Market price paid for the different kinds of grain on delivery.
Flour and Chop, on hand, for sale.
JOHN K. McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, Nov. 20, 1867

GLAZIER & BRO.,
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, HATS, NOTIONS, BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.
Washington street, near the Jail.
Having purchased our Winter Goods since the late heavy decline, we can afford to offer superior inducements to buyers.
☞READ OUR PRICES.☜
Muslins and Prints, from 8 cts up,
Heavy Unbleached Sheetings, yard wide, 10 cts
Heavy yard wide Ticklings, 30 cts,
Best Winter Delaines, 25 and 25 cts,
All Wool Delaines, 45 to 65 cts,
Double width Wool Plaids, 50 cts,
Heavy Plaid Poplins, $1 00,
Wool Flannels, 28 to 50 cts a yard,
Wool Blankets, $3.00 to $10.00 a pair,
Wool Shawls, $1.25 to $10 00
Balmoral Skirts, $1.25 to $4.50.
Other Goods in proportion.
GLAZIER & BRO.
Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON
HAVE
CARPETINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
For Sale at Wholesale Prices,
SUCH AS, ALL WOOL
INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.
Huntingdon, July 3, 1867.

1867. 1867.
CLOTHING.
H. ROMAN.
NEW
CLOTHING
FOR
FALL AND WINTER,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
H. ROMAN'S
CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.
For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at
H. ROMAN'S,
opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

No more Bald Heads!
No more Gray Locks!
DR. LEON'S
ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,
Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates Dandruff and Humors, stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.
It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, vit

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Jan. 8, 1868.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

Brief Items.

—The County Auditors are busy this week auditing the county affairs.

—The spell of weather we have had for a week past has been more beneficial to the doctors than to the farmers.

—Our carrier boy returns his heartfelt thanks to those who contributed to swell his pocket book on New Year's day.

—Juniper thinks that coughing in church could be obviated to some extent by sweeping the dust off the floor before services. He is right.

—The revival in the Methodist church of this place, progresses with great success. The usual annual watch-meeting services were observed.

—Mr. H. Frysinger, editor of the Lewistown *Democrat*, has accepted a clerkship in the Treasury Department at Washington. "Fat take."

—Near-sighted: the sportsmen who lately "blazed away" at a guinea hen supposing it to be a pheasant. They had the satisfaction of crippling it and paying damages.

—Mr. Henry McMonigall has purchased the mill property at Graysville, and will take possession in the spring. Henry has been a good citizen, and we don't like to lose him.

—Somebody removed Mr. Thomas Burchinell's twenty pound gobbler from his roost. Mr. B had the satisfaction of finding some of the feathers—only these, and nothing more.

—A friend in Mercer county, Ill., writes us that while we are enjoying our sleighing, they have not had two inches of snow this winter, and very little rain since the 4th of July last.

—We have received the first regular number of the *Temperance Vindicator*, published at Williamsburg, Blair co. Now is your time to subscribe for a good temperance paper.

—Mr. John Hight, of this place, out hunting last week, chased a rabbit into the trunk of a tree. While using an axe to get the animal out, he cut his foot in a serious manner.

—Mr. McMonigal's Livery Stable has fallen into the hands of Wm. Bricker. Mr. B. knows how to run the stable and give satisfaction. We wish him success.

—Miller & Armitage, Fire and Life Insurance Agents, of this place, have now established a Real Estate Agency for the accommodation of persons desiring to purchase, sell or rent. See advertisement.

—All our subscribers who desire to keep posted as to dates throughout the year should post up the calendar published in another part of this paper. They can also be had gratis at Lewis' Book Store.

—The deed made by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to the Pennsylvania Canal Company is now in our Register's office to be recorded. The Government stamps upon it amount to $750.

—Times are said to be dull in town. They generally are if the people from the country around fail to stir us up There is nothing looks more cheerful than a big crowd of country wagons, sleds and sleighs.

—A daughter of Rev. O. O. McLain of Lewistown, and several others, while skating on the Juniata near that place, were treated to a cold bath, by the ice suddenly moving off, caused by a rise in the water. We don't think that party will trouble *that* ice again.

—An Odd Fellows Lodge was opened at Bloody Run on the 1st inst. The Band, and a delegation of Brothers from the Lodge of this place were there and returned highly pleased with the general good time and particularly with the reception they received.

—Court commences next Monday. We hope our friends whom we have reminded of arrearages will please call and settle, and thus commence the new year with the smiles and blessings of the printer. Those who have given us a friendly reply have our thanks.

—One of our young townsmen while on a visit to New York during the holidays lost his overcoat. He didn't suppose there would be anybody about the hotel mean enough to pick up a coat lying around loose. A cheap lesson, John, but we hope others will profit by it, but not by the coat.

—The rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association in Brown's building, are now open for the reception of visitors. The papers and magazines taken at present are somewhat limited, but it is hoped that the Association will meet with such encouragement as to merit the extension of this sphere of its usefulness.

—The telegraph office of the Penna R. R. Co., which had been located at Mount Union for several years, has been removed to the terminus of the double track above Mapleton. We suppose it will be O K when the double track between that point and Bridgeport is laid in the spring. When this is completed the Company will have double tracks between Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

—If other communities are feverish with the "button mania," ours has taken the infection in another form—that of "Jacks," as the boys and girls call them. This is a game played with five pebbles or blunt-pointed pieces of metal, and before the play is finished the "Jacks" go through many evolutions—every evolution having a name which we cannot recall, but the chief among them being "potatoes in the pot," "horses in the stable," "long tail blue," etc. This innocent pastime is quite popular among the juveniles.

☞ More than one hundred different modifications of Fairbank's Standard Scales are made, adapted for business of every kind where weight is to be ascertained. In all departments they are acknowledged to be of unequaled convenience, accuracy and durability. The Paris Exposition awarded them the highest premiums.

IMPORTANT TO LAND OWNERS—ARE YOUR LANDS PATENTED.—We are informed by Milton S. Lytle, Esq., who has recently examined the records in the Land Office at Harrisburgh, that there are in this county nearly twelve hundred tracts of unpatented lands, and that there is due the State, on these lands, the sum of more than fifty thousand dollars This is caused by a neglect on the part of the persons who purchased from the original Proprietaries or Commonwealth, to pay the balance due on the lands after issuing of the warrants. On none of these tracts is there a less amount due than fifteen dollars, that being the office fees alone. On most of them a greater sum is due, the highest noticed for any tract in this county being about $230. The present holders of these lands have not a clear title, the Commonwealth having a lien equal to the principal and interest unpaid. A strong force of clerks is now at work in the Surveyor General's office making abstracts of the lands in this situation, showing the names of the persons by whom the warrants were taken out, and the township in which each tract is located, the number of acres and the amounts due. As soon as these are completed measures will be taken to collect these sums. It would be well for every land owner to make inquiry whether his lands are patented, and if not, he should take immediate steps to obtain a clear title. We understand that our informant has given some attention to this matter and that he is ready to obtain and give further information to those who may desire it. All the data he requires is the name of the person to whom the warrant was issued, its date and the township in which the lands lie. Land owners desiring to be more definitely informed, should address Milton S. Lytle, Esq., at this place, or consult him at the law office of Stewart & Lytle.—*Journal & American.* 1t.—†

Sudden Deaths.

About six weeks ago we published an account furnished us by a correspondent, in which four children of Elias and Mary Fraker, of Burnt Cabins, died between the 26th day of September and the 1st of November, 1867; but now we are furnished by the same correspondent with a sadder picture of death's inroads, in the same locality, and by the same disease—diptheria.

The following deaths occurred in the family of Amos and Eliza Potts, of Burnt Cabins, this county:

On Dec. 27th, WILLIAM, aged 6 months.

On the 28th, ANNA, aged 3 years.

On the 29th, ELIZABETH, aged 9 years.

On the 30th, SAMUEL, aged 12 years.

On Jan. 1st., ELISIA, aged —

Five children in one family dying in about as many days is truly a sad calamity. Those parents who have lost but one child, and who know the pangs of distress and sorrow which followed their own bereavement, can but partially imagine the sorrowing of the stricken family at Burnt Cabins, in which a new day only appeared to witness the death of another child. May the bereft parents have Grace sufficient to sustain them in their sore affliction.

Assault on a Boy.

On New Year's eve a party of a dozen boys, dressed in fantastic costumes, and playing a variety of fantastic instruments, called at the residence of Mr. John Lower, of this place, and after playing a few tunes, went into the house to get their treat. Their unsightly costumes frightened a little girl in the house, when Mr. Lower's son told the boys they had better leave the premises. They hesitated, and young Lower undertook to force them out, and got them as far as the gate, when one of the boys struck him about the head and face with a board, which he had been using as a banjo, inflicting some ugly bruises, besides knocking out two of his teeth. A warrant has been issued for the arrest of the party.

Temperance Union.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Huntingdon county Temperance Union will hold a public meeting in the Court House, Huntingdon, Tuesday evening, January 14th, 1868 The managers in the different townships and boroughs in the county are urgently requested to be present and also see that there are eight or ten delegates here from their respective townships and boroughs. There is important business to attend to after the public meeting is over and a full turn out of the Union is desired.

JOHN SCOTT, President.
B. M. GREENE, Rec. Secretary.
Huntingdon, Jan. 6. 1868.

Masonic.

The installation of the officers of Standing Stone Chapter, and Mount Mariah Lodge, for the ensuing year, took place on St. John's day. For the Chapter, R. A. Miller, H. P., Rev. T. Barnhart, K., Joseph Watson, S., Thos. Johnson, Secretary, and W. Lewis, Treasurer. For the Lodge, Joseph Watson, W. M., C. S. Faxon, S. W., D. W. Artley, J. W., W. F. Cunningham, Secretary, and Graffus Miller, Treasurer. A supper was prepared at the Exchange Hotel, for the brethren, and it could not have been better.

Station Agent at Mapleton.

Ambrose Taylor has been appointed Ticket and Freight Agent at Mapleton, (vice A H. Bauman, resigned,) in trust for Wm. A. Donaldson, minor son of Col. John Donaldson, deceased. Col. D. filled the position from the opening of the Pennsylvania Railroad until his death, two years ago, and the appointment of his son at the present time by Superintendent Black, we are assured will give general satisfaction to the business community in that vicinity.

The "Curtin House."

We are informed that our old friend Martin Dolan, has built a large first class Hotel at Milesburg at the Railroad Station, where he intends to accommodate in the best style all who may call upon him. We'll bet friend Dolan knows how to keep a hotel, and we advise our friends visiting his locality to stop with him and give him a trial.

☞ The great American Hair Preparation, valued at home and abroad, a real Hair Restorer or Dressing, (*in one bottle.*) A great triumph of science. Mrs. S. A. Allen's improved, (*new style.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

Address of the Committee on Washington City and Lake Erie Railroad.

The National Railroad Convention of November 12, 1867, which met at the Court House, in Huntingdon, appointed a Committee to attend to the preparatory affairs necessary to advance the object in view, who in furtherance thereof, beg leave to say that the advantages to accrue from the proposed work are such as to make the early construction thereof a vital importance to the comfort and prosperity of the citizens along the proposed route, and deserving of National aid. The Eastern Divison (46 miles in length,) following the Conococheague and Aughwick Valleys, requiring neither tunnelling or heavy grades would shorten the distance by rail from the National Capitol to Pittsburg, and the Western States, upwards of eighty miles; open a good and convenient market for the products of Franklin, Fulton, and other interior counties of Pennsylvania; render productive the East Broad Top Coal fields; give access to valuable iron ores along this route; and employment for numerous water powers now running waste. And with a second link in the proposed chain of railways (thirty miles in length,) would shorten the distance from the lakes to Washington City, one hundred and fifty miles, and throw thereon (for all future time) a large amount of products required to be exchanged between the South and North: such as coffee, tobacco, rice, turpentine, sugar, molasses, spices, fish oysters, fruits and early vegetables of the Southern Atlantic Sea Board States, and the West Indies; and the wheat, flour, corn, bacon, butter, cheese, cattle, horses, hogs, sheep, hops, hemp, lumber, copper, iron ores, coal and petroleum of the North. From the falls of the Potomac to the falls of Niagara, one continuous avalanche of available water powers from lake and mountain, amidst coal, lumber and oil, wherewith to smelt the iron and copper ores of the Lake regions; grind the wheat and corn of the North-west; and transmute into beautiful wares the crude products of all these regions.

A great National and Commercial Metropolis on the Sea Board; a score of entreports on the Lakes! two thousand miles of Lake navigation! thousands of miles of Ocean commerce! twenty thousand miles of railroad, (a dozen trunk line railways from East to West,) each part and parcel of this National highway throwing thereon their accumulated tonnage, and building up one continuous workshop and warehouse from Ocean to our Inland Seas, where converge all that is necessary to make vend, and distribute most readily and cheaply the wares and products of North, South, East and West.

PREPARATORY WORK.

Prepare bill and endeavor to obtain an Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, incorporating a Company to build the proposed work; ensure concert of action amongst parties interested therein by calling public meetings to adopt means in aid of the proposed work; raise money for parliamentary expenditures, and publishing proceedings in newspapers printed at Washington and elsewhere; memorialize the City Council, of Washington, Alexandria and Georgetown, D. C., the Secretary of War, Congress, and interesting railroad companies, urging the advantages of a direct military and postal railway from the Commercial, political and military Emporium of the Union to our Northern frontier and States west of the Alleghanies, and the duty of Congress to aid a work that would add to the wealth of the nation, whilst building a great center of industry at the Capitol of this reunited confederacy. All which your committee respectfully submit for consideration due.

JOHN DOUGHERTY,
Chairman of Committee.
Mt. Union, Dec. 24, 1867.

RECORD YOUR DEEDS.—The following extract from the law, in reference to the recording of deeds, may be read with advantage by many of our citizens, and is published for their information:

Whereas, by the different and secret ways of conveying lands, tenements and hereditaments, such as are ill disposed to have it in their power to commit frauds, by means whereof divers persons may be injured in their purchases and mortgages by prior and secret conveyances:

For the remedy whereof, be it enacted, That all deeds and conveyances which shall be made and executed within this province, of or concerning any lands, tenements or hereditaments in this province, or whereby the same may be in any way affected in law or equity, shall be recorded in the office for the recording Deeds in the county where such lands or hereditaments are lying and being within six months after the execution of such deeds and conveyances; and every such deed and conveyance that shall at any time after the publication hereof, or prior to this publication be made and executed, and which shall not be recorded as aforesaid, shall be adjusted fraudulent and void against any purchaser or mortage for valuable consideration, unless such deed or conveyance be recorded as aforesaid, before the recording of the deed or conveyance under which such subsequent purchaser or mortgage shall claim.

No deed or mortgage, or defeasible deed in the nature of mortgages, to be made, shall be good or sufficient to convey or pass any freeholder or inheritance, or to grant any estate therein for life or years, unless such deed be recorded within six months after the date thereof, where such lands lie, herein before directed.

CARELESS LETTER WRITERS.—According to the Post Master General's report, not less than a million letters were mailed last year, without signatures, and misdirected, or so badly directed that the address was totally unintelligible. These were destroyed. More than a million and a half others—1,611,686—were restored to their writers by the care of the dead-letter office. Thus it seems that at least two and a half million of mistakes were made, in an operation which one would think likely to enlist the sufficient care of the writer, the addressing of a letter. These letters contained nearly $150,000 in money, bills of exchange, deeds, checks, &c., to the value of over $5,000,000, and over 49,000 contained photographs, jewelry, &c.

☞ Blank Books for the desk and pocket, for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

1868.-CALENDAR.-1868.

JANUARY.

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BOOKS AND STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,
WALL PAPER,
Window Shades & Fixtures,
Revenue Stamps,
Fancy Articles,
&C., &C.,
FOR SALE
At LEWIS' BOOK STORE,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
"THE GLOBE,"
$2 a year in advance.
JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS

MARRIED,

At the M. E. Parsonage in Cassville, Dec., 31st, by Rev. J. F. BROWN, Mr. ISA CURFMAN, and Miss LUCY A. MORNINGSTAR, of Huntingdon county, Pa.

At the residence of Mrs. Fraker, in Shirleysburg, Dec., 31st, by Rev. S. A. Creveling, Mr. ADAM HEETER, of Three Springs, and Miss MARY DRAKE, of Shirleysburg.

On the evening of the 24th of Dec. 1867, at the residence of Mr. Solomon Rough, by Rev. J Brads, Mr. WM. PIPER, to Miss MOLLIE F. MITCHELL, both of Alexandria, Pennsylvania.

Dec. 31st, at the M. E Parsonage, in Petersburg, by the same, Mr. AMOS KELLER, to Miss KATE E. SNYDER.

At the same time, and same place, by the same, Mr. JOHN HOOMYER, and Miss MARY SNYDER, all of Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania.

Dec. 26th., 1867, by Rev. James Brads, Mr. WM. ROSS, of Centre Co., to Miss MARY MYTON, of Mooresville, Huntingdon County.

Same day, by the same, Mr. J. H FRIDAY, of Osceola Mills, Clearfield Co., to Miss HANNAH BEVERLY, near Mooresville.

Dec. 29th, 1867, at Barree, by the same, Mr. WM. WHARTON, to Miss ELIZABETH IRVIN, both of this County.

At the residence of the bride, in Alexville, on the 9th of December, 1867 by Rev. J. M. Steck, Mr. ROB'T. HUEY of Huntingdon county, to Miss ELIZA J. WHEILER.

Dec. 17th. 1867, near Wilsontown by. Rev. R. L. McCune, Capt. J. C. M HAMILTON, and Miss LIZZIE A. WILSON all of Huntingdon county, Pa.

On the 10th inst., by Rev. George W. Zahnizer, Mr. JAS. GILLAND, to Miss MARGARETTA MORISON, both of Huntingdon county, Pa.

On the 24th inst, by the same, Mr JAS. O'NEIL, of Canoe Valley, Pa to Miss LIZZIE A. LLOYD, of Coffee Run, Pa.

On Christmas morning, by Rev. J. W. Love, Mr. J. D. AURANDT, to Miss KATE KELLER, both of Canoe valley, Blair county, Pa.

DIED,

In this borough, on Monday, Dec. 23d., 1867, ANNIE MARY CARMON, aged 2 years. 7 months and 4 days.

On December 24th, 1867, in North Henderson, Mercer county, Ill., of consumption, Mr. JNO. ALLISON, formerly of Henderson township, Huntingdon county, Pa., aged about 46 years.

At the same place and of the same disease, on December 26th, Miss MARTHA B. ALLISON, daughter of John Allison, aged 16 years.

On the 18th of October, 1867, at the residence of his father, in Stone Valley, Hunt. Co., ISAAC, son of Jonathan W. Hough, aged 20 years and 8 days.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 6, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $8.00@8.25 extra at $10@$11 fancy extra family $11@12, and Pennsylvania family $12.75@13.00, and fancy brands $12,75@14,00 according to quality Rye flour $9.00.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice red at $2.50@2.60 white $2.10@2.20. Rye at $1.68@1.69. Corn 1,40 to 1,42 Oats at 78c. Barley nuts at $1.55.

Cloverseed $7.25@8.00 according to quality; Timothy at $2,40@2,65; Flaxseed $2.55@2.60 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 6—Flour.—There is a local demand We quote sales of spring wheat flour at $10.25@10,75, winter Flour at $11,50@12.25 tancy at $13@12,75.

Wheat, winter $2,60@2.85 and No. 1 spring $2,60@2,65 Corn from first hands at $1,00. Rye $1.50 per bushel. Oats 68@70c; Barley 1.0@$1,65. Shoulders 12c; sides 13½c; hams 18½c, Lard 13½c.

CHICAGO Jan. 6—Flour dull spring extra $9.15@9.50. Winter, $8,50@9.50. Spring Wheat is at $1,58@1,59. Corn 1,00. Oats, 55cts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK Jan. 6.—Gold closed at $1,33.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour	$0 00	Eggs	25
Extra Flour, old	10,12	Feathers ₱ lb	80
Family flour	12 00	Flaxseed	$2,00
Red Wheat,	4,25	Hops ₱ lb	40
White Wheat,	2,00	Ham, smoked	20
Apple Butter ₱ gallon	1,25	Hay ₱ ton	11,00
Bark per cord	9,00	Lard	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₱ bus	75
Butter	35	Mixed Chop	2,25
Buckwheat	1,00	Oats	60
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt.	4,00	Potatoes ₱ bus	1,00
Bran ₱ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,00	Rags ₱ lb	4
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rye	1,25
Beans ₱ bus	2,00	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,50
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs	6,50	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	10
Chickens	25	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,50
Country Soap	10	Shoulder	12
Corn	$1,00	Sides	15
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,2	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Apples ₱ bu	2,00	Timothy	2,00
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12	Turkeys ₱ lb	10
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	18	Wool ₱ lb	35
Driel Beef	20	Pork ₱ lb	3
Beef ₱ lb	5	Hard Coal ₱ ton	$7,00
Broad Top ₱ ton	$2,00 @2,50		

STRAY STEERS.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, living in Tod township, Huntingdon county, two stray STEERS. One is a red yearling muley, and no mark on the ears; the other is two years and a half old, chiefly white, his head and neck red, large horns and short tail, and no mark on the ears. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

ISAAC MCLAIN.

Tod twp., Dec. 4, 1867.*

SALES.

MORRISON'S COVE FARM FOR SALE.

This Farm is situated on Piney Creek about four miles from Williamsburg, adjoining Springfield Furnace property. It contains 165 ACRES, of which about 25 acres is young chestnut timber, all under good fence.

The improvements are a first class BARN, nearly new, with Wagon Shed, Corn crib, &c; a stone DWELLING HOUSE, also new; log Dwelling, large and well selected Orchard, etc; etc.

There is an abundant supply of water by means of capacious cisterns which in seven years experience have never failed in furnishing all the water required; also by the creek which bounds the farm.

Further particulars may be had on application to the undersigned, residing in Huntingdon.

R. R. BRYAN.

Huntingdon, Nov. 15, 1867.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers a Farm for sale, being a part of the one he resides on in Huntingdon County, about one mile west of the town of Orbisonia situated on the Aughwick Creek, containing about 125 acres; about 70 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, with a good two story log house, and the masonry work of a bank barn. Also a young apple orchard (150 trees) of select varieties, with a good site for grape culture. The cleared land is good arable bottom land of an eastern slope.

TERMS—One thousand dollars on confirmation of sale, the balance in two equal annual payments with interest secured by bond and mortgage. A good title will be given and possession on the first day of April next.

☞ For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises. JOHN B SHENEFELT.

Oct. 9, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of writs of Lev. Fa. and Vend. Expo. directed to me I will expose to public sale or outcry, at the Court House, in the Borough of Huntingdon, on MONDAY, the 13th of JANUARY, 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described property to wit:

A tract of unseated land situate in Cromwell township, Huntingdon county, adjoining lands of Thomas E. Orbisonia, Brewster's heirs, Butler's improvement, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of unseated land situate in Cromwell township, county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Brewster's heirs, ——McConaughy, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of unseated land, situate in Cass township, county aforesaid, adjoining Abram Taylor and Jos. Stever, containing 61 acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of unseated land situate in Cass township, county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Abram Taylor, Jos. Stever, and others containing 34 acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of unseated land situate in Cass township, county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Samuel B. Green and Abram Taylor, containing 25 acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of unseated land situate in Cass township, county aforesaid, adjoining McConaughy's improvement, Lane & McVitty, and others, containing 100 acres, more or less.

Also, a tract of cultivated land situate in Cass township, county aforesaid adjoining lands of Elijah Sellers and Abram Taylor, containing 1 acre and 52 perches, (no buildings) Seized, taken in execut on, and to be sold as the property of Henry Taylor.

ALSO—All that building located on a lot of ground situate in Warriorsmark Township, Huntingdon County, fronting on the south side of the Turnpike road leading from Huntingdon Furnace to Warriorsmark, one hundred and seventy-five feet, the said lot being a triangle and the other two sides being about 200 feet each, bounded on the east by lands of Archibald Hutchison, and on the west or South-west by lot of Mary Matthea Hutchinson. The said building is a two storied frame dwelling house, weather boarded outside and plastered inside, with shingle roof, being 22 by 26 feet, in size, the first story being 7½ feet high, and the second story 6½ feet high, three rooms on the first floor and four rooms on the second floor, the ground covered by said building and so much other ground immediately adjacent thereto as may be necessary for the ordinary and useful purposes of the same. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Sarah Patterson, who was imprisoned with John Patterson her husband.

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.—Bidders at Sheriff's Sales will take notice that immediately upon the property being knocked down, fifty per cent. of all bids under $100, and twenty-five per cent. of all bids over that sum, must be paid to the Sheriff, or the property will be set up again and sold to other bidders who will comply with the above terms.

If court continues two weeks deed acknowledged on Wednesday of second week. One week's court, property knocked down on Monday and deed acknowledged on the following Saturday.

JAS. F. BATHURST, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Huntingdon, Dec. 18, 1867.

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

THE undersigned have established an Agency in the Borough of

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

For the purchase and sale of all kinds of

REAL ESTATE,

And will give prompt attention to the sale and letting of Houses, Farms, Building Lots, and all other Real Estate business entrusted to their care.

FOR SALE.

A convenient and well finished DWELLING in West Huntingdon pleasantly situated; a well of good water on the premises; a covered pump, and other conveniences.

A handsome RESIDENCE in the Borough of Huntingdon, conveniently located in a central portion of the town.

Also a two-story frame DWELLING; Price, $600.

Persons desiring to purchase, sell, or rent, will address or apply in person, to

MILLER & ARMITAGE,
Office opposite the Court House,
dec18 Huntingdon, Pa.

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders to the Manufacturers

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,
nov.27-1y No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philad'a.

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER,

No. 148 North 2d Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. nov.27-1y*

NOTICE.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.

Huntingdon, April 3, 1867.

By Canal & Railroad.

We are now receiving by Canal and Railroad from the eastern and western cities,

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES

Of every description,

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
FLOUR, FEED,
AND
Provision,

Of all kinds.

COAL.

Anthracite, Pittsburgh, and Broad Top Coal for sale by the Cart or Boat load.

LUMBER.

Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering Lath, in large or small quantities.

Nails and Bar ron, at manufacturers' prices.

HENRY & CO.,
je26 Huntingdon, Pa.

Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster. Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY

BY

DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,

M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. In NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (when not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetis, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named almost always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no competition whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county.

All letters address to

WM. BREWSTER, M. D.
jan16'67 McConnellstown, Pa.

ELECTRICITY

☞ New Styles of Wall Paper for 1868, now arriving at Lewis' Book Store.

THE PLACE TO BUY

NEW AND CHEAP GOODS

FOR FALL AND WINTER.

W. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS.
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

Huntingdon, oc 9, 1867. WM. MARCH & BRO.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNES

A SPECIALTY.

A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING GOODS,

AT REDUCED PRICES,

Just received at

RUDOLPH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

LADIES' DEPARTMENT.

In this department, which will at all times receive my strict attention, I have a well assorted display of

Dress Trimmings, Cloak and Sacque Trimmings, Dress Buttons, Gloves, Veils, Zephyr Knit Shawls, Nubias, Hoods, Scontags, Handkerchiefs, Fall Hats, Hat and Bonnet Frames, Velvet ribbons, Corsets, Hosiery, and latest style Sacques from $5 to $30.

GENTS' DEPARTMENT.

Hats and Caps all styles, from 50 cents to $10, Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Neck Ties, Collars, Hosiery, and every article kept in a first class Furnishing Store.

By making my business a specialty, I hope to meet with such patronage from the public as will enable me to keep continually on hand a large and well selected stock of first class goods, Whilst keeping up to the fashion in every article, I will also sell cheaper than the cheapest.

W. P. RUDOLPH.

Opposite Leister's New Building.

Huntingdon, Oct. 30, 1867.

TO THE LADIES

W. B. ZEIGLER

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of Huntingdon and the country generally, that he has just returned from New York and Philadelphia, where he has purchased a large stock of goods almost

EXCLUSIVELY FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Fancy and plain Dress Trimmings, Ladies' Under garments, Merino Vests and Drawers, Corsets, Balmorals, Hoop skirts, Shawls, Scarfs, Hoods, knit of various styles and patterns, Ladies' and Children's Stockings of all styles and colors, Also,

Dress Goods, Prints, Delaines, Plaids, Alpaccas, Ginghams, Brown and Bleached Muslins, &c.

Gents' Undershirts, Drawers, and Stockings.

All goods sold at the lowest cash prices, and as cheap as the cheapest.

OPPOSITE THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Huntingdon, Nov. 6, 1867.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of

DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES,
BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,
WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed Bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Yeater's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

FURNITURE!

J. M. WISE,

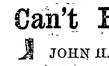
Manufacturer and Dealer in

FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.



The subscriber has a *NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE* and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country.

J. M. WISE.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf

Can't Be Beaten!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

WM. AFRICA

Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,

A Fine Assortment of all kinds of BOOTS AND SHOES,

For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.

All of which he will sell at fair prices. *Quick sales and small profits.* Call and examine my stock.

Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER

Has just returned from the east with a

SPLENDID STOCK

OF

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,

Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most

REASONABLE PRICES,

and those who purchase once will surely call again.

BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,

and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.

Call upon Mr Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. myl2

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOOD, P. M BARE, W. P. M'CULLOUGH

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,

Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.

Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.

Oct. 17, 1866-tf.

MONEY!

ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!

The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and reasonably, broken *UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.*

All articles intended to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Bentedict's.

WM. FENTIMAN.

may2,1866tf

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.

H. ROMAN

EVERY FAMILY

Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

FOR THE LADIES.

A superior article of Note Paper and Envelope suitable for *confidential* correspondence, for sale at *LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.*

☞ For plain, fancy and ornamental printing, call at the "Globe" Office.

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of

MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS,

and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising

KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Irons, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SLEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES,
SAWS,
AUGERS,
HATCHETS,
HAMMERS,
FILES,
CHISELS,
HINGES,
SCREWS,
LOCKS,
BOLTS,
PULLEYS,
SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Wheel-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK,

Rakes,
Scythes,
Hoes,
Hay Forks,
Trace and Halter Chains,
Breast Chains,
Cow Ties,
Curry Combs,
Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for circular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Ten and Counter Scales,
Platform Scales,
Grocers' and Druggists' Scales,
Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES,
CARRIAGE SPRINGS,
IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

1867. 1867.

NEW METROPOLITAN

—ooo—

HARDWARE STORE

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Now located in the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Offers at WHOLESALE and RETAIL an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

ELEVEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Buying for cash direct from the manufacturers, and being in almost daily receipt of goods, bought since the decline in prices, I can offer rare advantages to buyers.

My stock embraces a general assortment of

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters,
Blacksmiths,
Gunsmiths,
Shoemakers,
Saddlers,
Painters,
Coachmakers,
Cabinet Makers,
Machinists,
Foundrymen,
And all other kinds of Mechanics.

BUILDERS

Will find here a superior stock of

Nails and Spikes,

LOCKS, BOLTS, SCREWS, HINGES, FINISHING NAILS,

Glass and Putty, Oil and Paints.

Colors of all kinds, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c. Glass cut to any size.

CARPENTERS

Will find a well selected stock of

Disston's and Spear & Jackson's Saws,

Chisels and Planes,	Steel squares,
Augers, Auger Bits,	Gauges, Saw sets,
Braces, Hatchets,	Oil stones, Files.

BORING MACHINES, with two cranks and three augers to each.

FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

I have a fine variety of enameled, Tinned and Plain HOLLOW-WARE,

Pans, Skillets,	Dust Pans, Scrub Brushes,
Waffle Irons, Brass Kettles,	Bath Bricks,
Iron Tea Kettles,	Knives and Forks,
Coal Buckets and shovels,	Tea and Table Spoons.

Britannia and SILVER-PLATED WARE, Table Castors Bruss Stair Rods, and a splendid stock of Harrisburg STONEWARE, including crocks with lids as large as six gallons.

Also, the

Champion cog wheel Clothes Wringer,

With a late improvement. This is now the very best and most desirable Wringer in the market. Having the agency for this place I can sell them strictly at the manufacturer's prices. All warranted.

BLACKSMITHS

Will be supplied with

Horse shoes, Horse nails,	Stocks and Dies,
Norway Nail Rods,	Rasps, Files,
Iron and Steel Anvils,	Buttresses,
Vices, Bellows,	and other tools in their line.

CARRIAGE & WAGON-MAKERS

Will find a supply of

Carriage Oil Cloth,	Carriage and Fire Bolts,
Trimmings, Seat sticks,	Drop Black coach Varnish,
Fellocs, Spokes and Hubs,	Dash and enamelled Leather,
shafts, Tongues,	Spoke Augers,
Sleigh Runners, Founders,	and other materials.

FINE CUTLERY,

Comprising Table Knives and Forks of best American and English styles and qualities, Carvers' Butcher knives, Razors, Shears Scissors, Hawing Knives, and Pruning Shears, and the largest variety of styles of

POCKET KNIVES

To be found in central Pennsylvania, including Westenhoim's famous IXL cutlery.

SHOEMAKERS

As heretofore will find here the best assortment of Tools and Findings in their line of trade, consisting of

Hammers, Pincers,	Lasts, Pegs, Awls.
Measuring Sticks and straps	Eyelets, Shoe Thread,
Pocepurt and shank Irons,	Wax, Bristles,
Burnishers, Welt Knives,	Steel and Iron Shoe Nails,
Stitching Gauges, etc.,	Round head nails, etc.,

SADDLERS & HARNESS MAKERS

Are also provided for. Saddle Trees of the best Pittsburg make, Skirting, Strapping, and Rein web. Stirrups Harness, Pad Trees, and a full variety of Silver Plated and Japanned Harness Mountings, &c., &c.

FARMERS

And others will see that my stock comprises many useful articles in their line, such as

Scythes, Rakes, Spades,	Pointing axes,
Shovels, Forks, Hoes,	Grindstones, Wove wire,
Garden Rakes, H ay hanes,	DISSTON'S MILL SAWS,
Tree Chains, Halter chains,	Circular, Cross-cut, Wood
Curry combs, Horse brushes,	and Meat Saws,
Wagon Jacks,	Post Augers,
Shovel Moulds, Mann's axes,	Trowels, &c.

Also, two or three kinds of the best

HORSE HAY FORKS.

Made in the United States and by which a load of hay can be taken from the wagon to the mow in about five minutes. These forks save labor, hay and money, and no thrifty farmer can afford to do without one. The

EXCELSIOR FORK

has been extensively used and gives great satisfaction.—I warrant all the forks I sell.

COAL OIL LAMPS & LANTERNS

COFFIN LACES and all Trimmings for Cabinet-makers

CHEAP WOODEN PUMPS.

The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing everywhere. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every man can put in his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Terra Cotta DRAIN PIPE, Hot Air REGISTERS for Ceilings, COOK STOVES, of any pattern desired.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK,

Huntingdon, April 19, 1867.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure Linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for houses, barns, fences, carriage and car makers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, canal boats, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, (it being fire and water proof), floor oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and glossiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,

aug 21 m6 224 Pearl street, New York.

☞ Two Barrels of the above paint for sale at Lewis' Book Store.

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25, & 27 BROADWAY, N. Y.

OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel, and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well vent lated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our Guests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.

Aug. 14, '67-6m. PROPRIETORS.

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

NO DUST! NO GAS!! NO DAMPERS!!

ESTABLISHED 1851.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th & Filbert streets,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated

WROUGHT-IRON, AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

WITH PATENT DUST-SCREEN.

For ease of management without any dampers, Durability, Simplicity, and Economy, this Heater has no superior in this country. They are all guaranteed to give satisfaction. Estimates made free of charge.

Cooking Ranges,
Latrobe Heaters,
Slate Mantles,
Low Down Grates,
Portable Heaters,
Registers,
Ventilators, &c., &c.

Send for one of our Illustrated Pamphlets. [ap'6-1y

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

"OWN MAKE."

After more than *five years* experience and experiment in the manufacture of STILL THE FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market, and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop skirts should make a note of this fact. Every lady who has not given them a trial should do so without further delay.

Our assortment embraces every style, length and size for Ladies, Misses and Children. Also, Skirts made to order altered and repaired.

Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and be not deceived.—See that the letter "H" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A," upon each tape. No others are genuine.

Also, constantly on hand a full line of good New York and Eastern made skirts at very low prices, Wholesale and Retail at the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium,

NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.

WM. T. HOPKINS.

aug23-5m

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE!

Excellent for Females and Weakly Persons.

Used by hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion purposes.

VINEYARDS—Los Angelos, California, and Passaic, New Jersey.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, Four Years Old. This justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape raised in this country. Its invaluable Tonic and Strengthening Properties are unsurpassed by any other native wine. Being the pure juice of the grape produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is in every respect A WANT TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Females Use Speer's Port Grape Wine; Weakly Persons Find a Benefit in its Use; Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other Wines.

Principal Office: A. SPEER,

No. 24 BROADWAY, opposite City Hall Park, N. Y.

Sold by John Read, and Samuel Smith, Druggists, Huntingdon. se18

LADIES' FANCY FURS,

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

OLD ESTABLISHED

Fur Manufactory

718 ARCH Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

I have now in store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the LARGEST and most BEAUTIFUL selections of

Fancy Furs,

for LADIES and CHILDREN'S WEAR, in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very REASONABLE PRICES and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Huntingdon county and vicinity.

☞ Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,

718 ARCH Street, above 7th, South side,

ec2-1m PHILADELPHIA.

☞ I HAVE NO PARTNER, NOR CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE IN PHILADELPHIA.

BEST BLEACHED MUSLIN

Always on hand at

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS family Grocery. Call and see.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon.

Huntingdon, ap24

NEW LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock.

Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.

Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

UNITED STATES

Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY

HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried: 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding to the 2.39 Commutation Money, where the same was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$160 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharge

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments, can have them promptly collected, by addressing the undersigned. Information and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,

Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,

may9,21867 HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second floor of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GABRILE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS. MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings.

MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC.—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing, can order, and have sent them by mail.

Also GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated SEWING MACHINES—the only machine that, in addition to every kind of sewing, embroiders perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere. My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,

Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,

may8,'67 Second floor of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS. *HEADSTONES, ETC.*

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church mch6,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Table and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin sts., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

CHEESE. CHEESE.

The best always for sale at

LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S

IMPROVED

HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE

HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.

A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Let every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveler buy our

SOLAR WATCH,

Or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial.

Warranted to keep True Time for every Day of the Year

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles being based on astronomical tables and calculations, and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise, exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by the most infallible test recognized by science.

The mode of using the "Solar Watch" is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass head and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright in the sunshine in such a position as will throw the shadow of the style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting the morning and corresponding afternoon hours, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylinder and Diagram, moveable Brass Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR. Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by

BRYENS, FAHNE & CO.,

31 North Ninth Street, Philada.

☞ For sale, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell the article —supply immediately. WM. LEWIS,

se4 Agent for Huntingdon county.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

NOVEMBER 25, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ALLENTOWN, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3.00, 5.25 and 8.10 A. M., and 2.05 and 9.35 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R.R., arriving at New York 5.10, 10.15 and 11.50 A. M., and 3.40, and 9.30 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3.00 a. m and 9.35 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8.10 A. M., and 2.05 and 4.10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4.10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3.55* M. Returning leave Port Clinton at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M.; Philadelphia at 8.15 A. M., and 3.30 P. M.; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7.30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6.30 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M., and 2.45 P. M.; Ashland 6.00 and 12.19 a. m. and 2.00 P. M.; Tamaqua at 8.30 A. M., and 1 and 8.45 P. M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7.10 a. m. and 12 noon.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.00 P. M

Pottstown Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6.45 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 5.00 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7.00 A M., and 3.15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancast r, Columbia, &c.

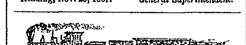
On Sundays, leave New York at 8.00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3.15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Hurri burg, 5.25 a. m, and 4.10 and 9.35 p m, and Reading 1.00, and 7.15 a. m., for Harrisburg, and 7.00 a. m., and 11.40p.m., for New York, and 4.25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 100 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,

Reading, Nov. 25, 1867. *General Superintendent.*



PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.						EASTWARD.			
MAIL.	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	EMIGRANT TRAIN.	CINCINNATI EXPRESS.	STATIONS		MAIL.	PACIFIC EXPRESS.	HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION.	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M	P. M	P M
5 15	.....	12 15	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	.....	5 01	.....	.....
5 20	.....	12 26	.....	Mt. Union,	.....	10 09	4 55	.....	.....
5 30	.....	12 40	.....	Mapleton,	.....	.....	4 45	.....	.....
5 40	.....	12 50	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	9 54	4 36	.....	.....
6 55	7 00	1 35	3 35	Huntingdon,	.....	9 42	4 23	10	55
6 14	.....	1 30	.....	Petersburg,	.....	9 27	4 04	.....	.....
6 24	.....	1 40	.....	Barree,	.....	9 20	3 55	.....	.....
6 28	.....	1 50	.....	Spruce Creek,	.....	9 15	3 48	.....	.....
6 41	.....	2 05	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	3 33	.....	.....
6 48	7 52	2 15	4 21	Tyrone,	.....	8 52	3 20	10	05
7 01	.....	2 27	.....	Tipton,	.....	8 45	3 17	.....	.....
7 07	.....	2 35	.....	Fostoria,	.....	.....	3 12	.....	.....
7 12	.....	2 45	.....	Bell's Mills,	.....	8 35	3 08	.....	.....
7 30	8 25	3 05	4 47	Altoona,	.....	8 20	2 50	9	35
P.M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 12 15 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 1 29 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 25 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 40 P. M.

The FAST LINE Westward leaves Huntingdon at 7 46 P. M. and arrives at Altoona at 9 00 P. M.

Nov. 24, 1867.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after MONDAY, OCT. 16TH, 1867, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

UP TRAINS.				DOWN TRAINS.		
ACCOMM.	MAIL	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.		ACCOMM.	MAIL	
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.	
LE 4 40	LE 7 50	Huntingdon,	AR	9 30	AR 4 17	
4 02	8 10	McConnellstown,		9 08	3 57	
3 15	8 22	Pleasant Grove,		8 58	3 49	
3 31	8 28	Marklesburg,		8 38